OMRON

Digital Temperature Controller (Simple Type) E5CC-800/E5CC-U-800 (48 × 48 mm)

Large White PV Display That's Easier to Read. Easy to Use, from Model Selection to Setup and Operation. A Complete Range of I/O Capacities, Functions, and Performance. Handles More Applications.

- The white PV display with a height of 15.2 mm improves visibility.
- High-speed sampling at 50 ms.

Main I/O Functions

- Short body with depth of only 60 mm.
- Easy connections to a PLC with programless communications. Use component communications to link Temperature Controllers to each other.

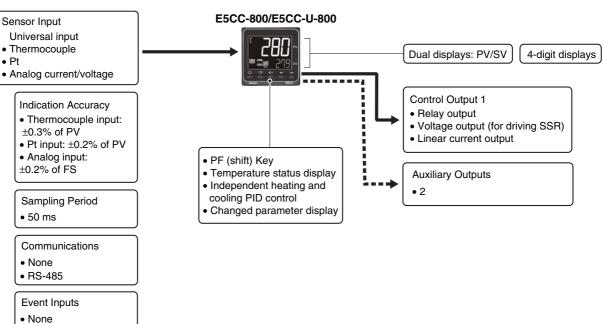


48 × 48 mm E5CC-800

48 × 48 mm E5CC-U-800

Refer to your OMRON website for the most recent information on applicable safety standards.

Refer to Safety Precautions on page 50.



• 2

Model Number Legend and Standard Models

Model Number Legend Models with Screw Terminals

E5CC-800 48 × 48 mm

Control output 1	Auxiliary output	Communications	Heater burnout	Event inputs	Power supply voltage	Model
Relay output						E5CC-RX2ASM-800
Voltage output					100 to 240 VAC	E5CC-QX2ASM-800
Linear current output	-					E5CC-CX2ASM-800
Relay output	-		-	-		E5CC-RX2DSM-800
Voltage output	-				24 VAC/VDC	E5CC-QX2DSM-800
Linear current output	-	-				E5CC-CX2DSM-800
Relay output					100 45 0 40 1/4 0	E5CC-RX2ASM-801
Voltage output	Ture			T	100 to 240 VAC	E5CC-QX2ASM-801
Relay output	- Two			Two		E5CC-RX2DSM-801
Voltage output	_		0		24 VAC/VDC	E5CC-QX2DSM-801
Relay output			One		100 40 040 1/40	E5CC-RX2ASM-802
Voltage output	-				100 to 240 VAC	E5CC-QX2ASM-802
Relay output	-	DO 405		-		E5CC-RX2DSM-802
Voltage output	-	RS-485			24 VAC/VDC	E5CC-QX2DSM-802
Linear current output				T	100 to 240 VAC	E5CC-CX2ASM-804
Linear current output			-	Two	24 VAC/VDC	E5CC-CX2DSM-804

Model Number Legend •Plug-in Models

E5CC-U-800 48 × 48 mm

Control output 1	Auxiliary output	Communications	Heater burnout	Event inputs	Power supply voltage	Model			
Relay output					100 to 240 VAC	E5CC-RW2AUM-800			
Voltage output	Two				100 to 240 VAC	E5CC-QX2AUM-800			
Relay output	TWO	-	-	-	24 VAC/VDC	E5CC-RW2DUM-800			
Voltage output]				24 VAC/VDC	E5CC-QX2DUM-800			

Heating and Cooling Control

• Using Heating and Cooling Control

Control Output Assignment

An auxiliary output is used as the cooling control output.

2 Control

If PID control is used, you can set PID control separately for heating and cooling.

This allows you to handle control systems with different heating and cooling response characteristics.

Optional Products (Order Separately)

Terminal Covers

Model
E53-COV17
E53-COV23

Note: The E53-COV10 cannot be used. Refer to page 14 for the mounted dimensions.

Waterproof Packing (for E5CC)

Model Y92S-P8

Note: This Waterproof Packing is provided with the Digital Temperature Controller. The E5CC-U-800 cannot be waterproofed even if the Waterproof Packing is attached.

Current Transformers (CTs)

Hole diameter	Model
5.8 mm	E54-CT1
12.0 mm	E54-CT3

Adapter

Model	
Y92F-45	

Note: Use this Adapter when the panel has already been prepared for an E5B Controller.

DIN Track Mounting Adapter

Model
Y92F-52

Sockets (for E5CC-U-800)

Туре	Model
Front-connecting Socket	P2CF-11
Front-connecting Socket with Finger Protection	P2CF-11-E
Back-connecting Socket	P3GA-11
Terminal Cover for Back-connecting socket with Finger Protection	Y92A-48G

Waterproof Cover

Model	
Y92A-48N	

Mounting Adapter

Model	
Y92F-49	

Note: This Mounting Adapter is provided with the Digital Temperature Controller.

Front Covers

Туре	Model
Hard Front Cover	Y92A-48H
Soft Front Cover	Y92A-48D

Specifications

Ratings

lainge											
Power suppl	ly voltage	A in model number: 100 to 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz D in model number: 24 VAC, 50/60 Hz; 24 VDC									
Operating vo	oltage range	85% to 110% of rated supply voltage									
Power consu	umption	5.2 VA max. at 100 to 240 VAC, and 3.1 VA max. at 24 VAC or 1.6 W max. at 24 VDC									
Sensor input	t	Temperature input Thermocouple: K, J, T, E, L, U, N, R, S, B, W, or PL II Platinum resistance thermometer: Pt100 or JPt100 Infrared temperature sensor (ES1B): 10 to 70°C, 60 to 120°C, 115 to 165°C, or 140 to 260°C Analog input Current input: 4 to 20 mA or 0 to 20 mA Voltage input: 1 to 5 V, 0 to 5 V, or 0 to 10 V									
Input impeda	ance	Current input: 150 Ω max., Voltage input: 1 M Ω min. (Use a 1:1 connection when connecting the ES2-HB/THB.)									
Control meth	hod	ON/OFF control or 2-PID control (with auto-tuning)									
Control	Relay output	E5CC-800:SPST-NO, 250 VAC, 3 A (resistive load), electrical life: 100,000 operations, minimum applicable load: 5 V, 10 mAE5CC-U-800:SPDT, 250 VAC, 3 A (resistive load), electrical life: 100,000 operations, minimum ap plicable load: 5 V, 10 mA									
output Vo (f Li Auxiliary No	Voltage output (for driving SSR)	Output voltage: 12 VDC ±20% (PNP), max. load current: 21 mA, with short-circuit protection circu									
	Linear current output	4 to 20 mA DC/0 to 20 mA DC, load: 500 Ω max., resolution: approx. 10,000									
Auxiliary	Number of outputs	2									
	Output specifications	SPST-NO relay outputs, 250 VAC, Models with 2 outputs: 3 A (resistive load), Electrical life: 100,000 operations, Minimum applicable load: 10 mA at 5 V									
Event input	Number of inputs	2 or 4 (depends on model)									
		Contact input: ON: 1 k Ω max., OFF: 100 k Ω min.									
	External contact input specifications	Non-contact input: ON: Residual voltage: 1.5 V max., OFF: Leakage current: 0.1 mA max.									
	specifications	Current flow: Approx. 7 mA per contact									
Setting meth	nod	Digital setting using front panel keys									
Indication m	ethod	11-segment digital display and individual indicators Character height: PV: 15.2 mm, SV: 7.1 mm									
Multi SP		Up to eight set points (SP0 to SP7) can be saved and selected using event inputs, key operations, o serial communications.									
Other function	ons	Manual output, heating/cooling control, loop burnout alarm, SP ramp, other alarm functions, heater burnout (HB) alarm (including SSR failure (HS) alarm), 40% AT, 100% AT, MV limiter, input digital filter, self tuning, PV input shift, run/stop, protection functions, temperature status display, moving average of input value -10 to 55°C (with no condensation or icing), for 3-year warranty: -10 to 50°C (with no condensation or icing)									
Ambient ope	erating temperature										
Ambient ope	erating humidity	25% to 85%									
Storage tem	perature	-25 to 65°C (with no condensation or icing)									
Altitude		2,000 m max.									
Recommend	led fuse	T2A, 250 VAC, time lag, low shut-off capacity									
	environment	Istallation Category II, Pollution Class 2 (IEC 61010-1 compliant)									

Note: There are no optional functions for the E5CC-U-800. Refer to *Model Number Legend* on page 2.

Sens typ		Platinum resistance thermometer						Thermocouple															Infrared temperature sensor																	
Sensor specifica- tion		Pt100			JPt100		JPt100		JPt100		JPt100		JPt100		JPt100		JPt100		JPt100		I	ĸ		J		т	E	L	l	IJ	N	R	S	в	w	PLII	10 to 70°C	60 to 120°C	115 to 165°C	140 to 260°C
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Temperature	400	_							_	400.0	400	400.0	_	_	400	400.0			_	_																				
•	300	_							_	_	_		_	_	_				_	_				120	165	260														
	200			100.0		100.0							_	_	_				_	_			90	120	165	-														
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	-100			0.0		0.0	+	-20.0	-100	-20.0			_	-100	_			U	U		U	U	U	U	U	0														
	-200	-200	-199.9		199.9		-200	-20.0	-100	-20.0	-200	-199.9	-200	-100	-200	-199.9	-200																							
Set va	alua	0	100.0	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24														

Input Ranges (Universal inputs) • Thermocouple/Platinum Resistance Thermometer

Shaded settings are the default settings.

The applicable standards for the input types are as follows: K, J, T, E, N, R, S, B: JIS C 1602-1995, IEC 60584-1

L: Fe-CuNi, DIN 43710-1985 U: Cu-CuNi, DIN 43710-1985

W: W5Re/W26Re, ASTM E988-1990

JPt100: JIS C 1604-1989, JIS C 1606-1989 Pt100: JIS C 1604-1997, IEC 60751 PL II: According to Platinel II electromotive force charts from BASF (previously Engelhard)

Analog input

Input type	Cur	rent	Voltage				
Input specification	4 to 20 mA	0 to 20 mA	1 to 5 V 0 to 5 V 0 to 10 V				
Setting range	Usable in the following ranges by scaling: -1999 to 9999, -199.9 to 999.9, -19.99 to 99.99 or -1.999 to 9.999						
Set value	25	26	27 28 29				

Alarm Outputs

Each alarm can be independently set to one of the following 19 alarm types. The default is 2: Upper limit. (see note.) Auxiliary outputs are allocated for alarms. ON delays and OFF delays (0 to 999 s) can also be specified.

Set		Alarm outpo	ut operation			
value	Alarm type	When alarm value X is positive	When alarm value X is negative	Description of function		
0	Alarm function OFF	Outpu	it OFF	No alarm		
1	Upper- and lower-limit *1		*2	Set the upward deviation in the set point for the alarm up- per limit (H) and the lower deviation in the set point for the alarm lower limit (L). The alarm is ON when the PV is out- side this deviation range.		
2 (default)	Upper-limit		ON X CON	Set the upward deviation in the set point by setting the alarm value (X). The alarm is ON when the PV is higher than the SP by the deviation or more.		
3	Lower-limit		ON X OFF SP PV	Set the downward deviation in the set point by setting the alarm value (X). The alarm is ON when the PV is lower than the SP by the deviation or more.		
4	Upper- and lower-limit range *1	ON OFF SP PV	*3	Set the upward deviation in the set point for the alarm up- per limit (H) and the lower deviation in the set point for the alarm lower limit (L). The alarm is ON when the PV is inside this deviation range.		
5	Upper- and lower-limit with standby sequence *1	ON OFF SP PV	*4	A standby sequence is added to the upper- and lower-limit alarm (1). *6		
6	Upper-limit with standby sequence	ON OFF SP PV	ON X - PV	A standby sequence is added to the upper-limit alarm (2). *6		
7	Lower-limit with standby sequence	ON X F OFF SP PV	ON X PV	A standby sequence is added to the lower-limit alarm (3). *6		
8	Absolute-value upper-limit			The alarm will turn ON if the process value is larger than the alarm value (X) regardless of the set point.		
9	Absolute-value lower-limit	$\begin{array}{c} ON \\ OFF \end{array} \xrightarrow[]{\leftarrow} X \xrightarrow[]{\leftarrow} PV \\ 0 \end{array}$	$ON \longrightarrow V \longrightarrow V$	The alarm will turn ON if the process value is smaller than the alarm value (X) regardless of the set point.		
10	Absolute-value upper-limit with standby sequence			A standby sequence is added to the absolute-value upper- limit alarm (8). *6		
11	Absolute-value lower-limit with standby sequence	$\begin{array}{c} ON \\ OFF \end{array} \xrightarrow[]{\leftarrow} X \xrightarrow[]{\leftarrow} PV \\ 0 \end{array} $		A standby sequence is added to the absolute-value lower-limit alarm (9). *6		
12	LBA (alarm 1 type only)		-	*7		
13	PV change rate alarm		-	*8		
14	SP absolute value upper limit alarm	ON OFF 0 SP	ON OFF 0 0	This alarm type turns ON the alarm when the set point (SP) is higher than the alarm value (X).		
15	SP absolute value lower limit alarm	$ON \qquad \qquad$		This alarm type turns ON the alarm when the set point (SP) is lower than the alarm value (X).		
		Standard Control	Standard Control			
	MV absolute value			This alarm type turns ON the alarm when the manipulated		
16	upper limit alarm *9	Heating/Cooling Control (Heating MV)	Heating/Cooling Control (Heating MV)	variable (MV) is higher than the alarm value (X).		
		OFFMV	Always ON			
		Standard Control				
17	MV absolute value lower limit alarm *9	Heating/Cooling Control (Cooling MV)	Heating/Cooling Control (Cooling MV)	This alarm type turns ON the alarm when the manipulated variable (MV) is lower than the alarm value (X).		
			Always ON			

*1 With set values 1, 4 and 5, the upper and lower limit values can be set independently for each alarm type, and are expressed as "L" and "H."
*2 Set value: 1, Upper- and lower-limit alarm

		alanni	
Case 1	Case 2	Case 3 (Always ON)	
L H SP	SPL H	H SP L	H<0, L<0
H<0, L>0 H < L	H>0, L<0 H > L	H LSP	H<0, L>0 H ≥ L
			H>0, L<0

SPH

L

|H| ≤ |L|

*3 Set value: 4, Upper- and lower-limit range

Case 1	Case 2	Case 3 (Always OFF)	H<0, L<0
H<0, L>0 H < L	H>0, L<0 H > L	H LSP	H<0, L>0 H ≥ L
		SPH L	H>0, L<0 H ≤ L

- *4 Set value: 5, Upper- and lower-limit with standby sequence For Upper- and Lower-Limit Alarm Described Above *2
 - Case 1 and 2
 - <u>Always OFF</u> when the upper-limit and lower-limit hysteresis overlaps. • Case 3: Always OFF
- *5. Set value: 5, Upper- and lower-limit with standby sequence
- Always OFF when the upper-limit and lower-limit hysteresis overlaps. *6 Refer to the E5□C Digital Controllers User's Manual (Cat. No. H174) for
- information on the operation of the standby sequence.
 *7 Refer to the E5□C Digital Controllers User's Manual (Cat. No.H174) for information on the loop burnout alarm (LBA).
- *8 Refer to the E5 C Digital Controllers User's Manual (Cat. No. H174) for information on the PV change rate alarm.
- *9 When heating/cooling control is performed, the MV absolute upper limit alarm functions only for the heating operation and the MV absolute lower limit alarm functions only for the cooling operation.

Characteristics

Indication ad (at the ambid	ccuracy ent temperature of 23°C)	$ \begin{array}{lll} eq:starsestar$					
Influence of	temperature *2	Thermocouple input (R, S, B, W, PL II): (±1% of PV or ±10°C, whichever is greater) ±1 digit max.					
Influence of	voltage *2	Other thermocouple input: $(\pm 1\% \text{ of PV or } \pm 4^{\circ}\text{C}$, whichever is greater) ± 1 digit max. *3 Platinum resistance thermometer: $(\pm 1\% \text{ of PV or } \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$, whichever is greater) ± 1 digit max. Analog input: $\pm 1\%$ FS ± 1 digit max. CT input: $\pm 5\%$ FS ± 1 digit max.					
Input sampli	ing period	50 ms					
Hysteresis		Temperature input: 0.1 to 999.9°C or °F (in units of 0.1°C or °F) Analog input: 0.01% to 99.99% FS (in units of 0.01% FS)					
Proportiona	I band (P)	Temperature input: 0.1 to 999.9°C or °F (in units of 0.1°C or °F) Analog input: 0.1% to 999.9% FS (in units of 0.1% FS)					
Integral time	.,	0 to 9999 s (in units of 1 s), 0.0 to 999.9 s (in units of 0.1 s) *4					
Derivative ti	me (D)	0 to 9999 s (in units of 1 s), 0.0 to 999.9 s (in units of 0.1 s) *4					
•	I band (P) for cooling	Temperature input: 0.1 to 999.9°C or °F (in units of 0.1°C or °F) Analog input: 0.1% to 999.9% FS (in units of 0.1% FS)					
Integral time	e (I) for cooling	0 to 9999 s (in units of 1 s), 0.0 to 999.9 s (in units of 0.1 s) *4					
-	me (D) for cooling	0 to 9999 s (in units of 1 s), 0.0 to 999.9 s (in units of 0.1 s) *4					
Control peri		0.1, 0.2, 0.5, 1 to 99 s (in units of 1 s)					
Manual rese		0.0 to 100.0% (in units of 0.1%)					
Alarm settin	g range	-1999 to 9999 (decimal point position depends on input type)					
Affect of signal source resistance		Thermocouple: $0.1^{\circ}C/\Omega$ max. (100 Ω max.) Platinum resistance thermometer: $0.1^{\circ}C/\Omega$ max. (10 Ω max.)					
Insulation re		20 MΩ min. (at 500 VDC)					
Dielectric st	-	3,000 VAC, 50/60 Hz for 1 min between terminals of different charge					
Vibration	Malfunction	10 to 55 Hz, 20 m/s ² for 10 min each in X, Y, and Z directions					
	Resistance	10 to 55 Hz, 20 m/s ² for 2 hrs each in X, Y, and Z directions					
Shock	Malfunction	100 m/s ² , 3 times each in X, Y, and Z directions					
	Resistance	300 m/s ² , 3 times each in X, Y, and Z directions					
Weight		E5CC-800: Controller: Approx. 120 g, Mounting Bracket: Approx. 10 g E5CC-U-800: Controller: Approx. 100 g, Mounting Bracket: Approx. 10 g					
Degree of pr	rotection	E5CC-800: Front panel: IP66, Rear case: IP20, Terminals: IP00 E5CC-U-800: Front panel: IP50, Rear case: IP20, Terminals: IP00					
Memory pro	1	Non-volatile memory (number of writes: 1,000,000 times)					
Standards Approved standards		UL 61010-1*6, Korean Radio Waves Act (Act 10564)					
	Conformed standards	EN 61010-1 (IEC 61010-1): Pollution level 2, overcurrent category II, Lloyd's standards *5					
EMC		EMI:EN61326Radiated Interference Electromagnetic Field Strength:EN 55011 Group 1, class ANoise Terminal Voltage:EN 55011 Group 1, class AEMS:EN 61326ESD Immunity:EN 61000-4-2Electromagnetic Field Immunity:EN 61000-4-3Burst Noise Immunity:EN 61000-4-4Conducted Disturbance Immunity:EN 61000-4-6Surge Immunity:EN 61000-4-5Voltage Dip/Interrupting Immunity:EN 61000-4-11					

The indication accuracy of K thermocouples in the -200 to 1300°C range, T and N thermocouples at a temperature of -100°C max., and U and *1 L thermocouples at any temperatures is $\pm 2^{\circ}C \pm 1$ digit max. The indication accuracy of the B thermocouple at a temperature of 400°C max. is not specified. The indication accuracy of B thermocouples at a temperature of 400 to 800° is $\pm 3^{\circ}C$ max. The indication accuracy of the R and S thermocouples at a temperature of 200°C max. is ±3°C ±1 digit max. The indication accuracy of W thermocouples is (±0.3% of PV or ±3°C, whichever is greater) ±1 digit max. The indication accuracy of PL II thermocouples is ±0.3% of PV or ±2°C, whichever is greater, ±1 digit max.

*2 Ambient temperature: -10°C to 23°C to 55°C, Voltage range: -15% to 10% of rated voltage
*3 K thermocouple at -100°C max.: ±10°C max.

*4 The unit is determined by the setting of the Integral/Derivative Time Unit parameter.

Refer to information on maritime standards in Shipping Standards on page 52 for compliance with Lloyd's Standards. *5

The E5CC-U is scheduled to obtain certification in January, 2014.

The E5CC-U-800 plug-in model is certified for UL listing only when used together with the OMRON P2CF-11 or P2CF-11-E socket. *6 The P3GA-11 is not certified for UL listing.

Communications Specifications

Transmission line connection method Communications	RS-485: Multidrop RS-485 (two-wire, half duplex)
Communications	RS-485 (two-wire, half duplex)
Synchronization method	Start-stop synchronization
Protocol	CompoWay/F, or Modbus
Baud rate*	9600, 19200, 38400, or 57600 bps
Transmission code	ASCII
Data bit length*	7 or 8 bits
Stop bit length*	1 or 2 bits
Error detection	Vertical parity (none, even, odd) Block check character (BCC) with CompoWay/F or CRC-16 Modbus
Flow control	None
Interface	RS-485
Retry function	None
Communications buffer	217 bytes
Communications response wait time	0 to 99 ms Default: 20 ms

The baud rate, data bit length, stop bit length, and vertical parity can be individually set using the Communications Setting Level.

Communications Functions

Programless communications ^{*1}	You can use the memory in the PLC to read and write E5 C parameters, start and stop operation, etc. The E5 C automatically performs communi- cations with PLCs. No communications program- ming is required. Number of connected Temperature Controllers: 32 max. (Up to 16 for the FX Series) Applicable PLCs OMRON PLCs CS Series, CJ Series, or CP Series Mitsubishi Electric PLCs MELSEC Q Series, L Series, or FX Series (compatible with the FX2 or FX3 (excluding the FX1S)) KEYENCE PLCs KEYENCE KV Series
Component Communications ^{*1}	When Digital Temperature Controllers are con- nected, set points and RUN/STOP commands can be sent from the Digital Temperature Control- ler that is set as the master to the Digital Temper- ature Controllers that are set as slaves. Slope and offsets can be set for the set point. Number of connected Digital Temperature Con- trollers: 32 max. (including master)
Copying ^{*2}	When Digital Temperature Controllers are con- nected, the parameters can be copied from the Digital Temperature Controller that is set as the master to the Digital Temperature Controllers that are set as slaves.

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A Temperature Controller with version 1.1 or higher is required. A Temperature Controller with version 2.1 or higher is required for the FX Series or the KV Series. *1

Both the programless communications and the component *2 communications support the copying.

Current Transformer (Order Separately) Ratings

Dielectric strength	1,000 VAC for 1 min		
Vibration resistance	50 Hz, 98 m/s ²		
Weight	E54-CT1: Approx. 11.5 g, E54-CT3: Approx. 50 g		
Accessories (E54-CT3 only)	Armatures (2) Plugs (2)		

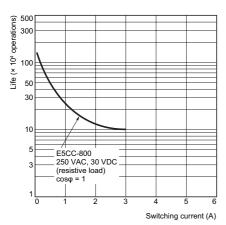
Heater Burnout Alarms and SSR Failure Alarms

CT input (for heater current detection)	Models with detection for single-phase heaters: One input Models with detection for single-phase or three-phase heaters: Two inputs
Maximum heater current	50 A AC
Input current indication accuracy	±5% FS ±1 digit max.
Heater burnout alarm setting range *1	0.1 to 49.9 A (in units of 0.1 A) Minimum detection ON time: 100 ms *3
SSR failure alarm setting range *2	0.1 to 49.9 A (in units of 0.1 A) Minimum detection OFF time: 100 ms *4

*1 For heater burnout alarms, the heater current will be measured when the control output is ON, and the output will turn ON if the heater current is lower than the set value (i.e., heater burnout detection current value).

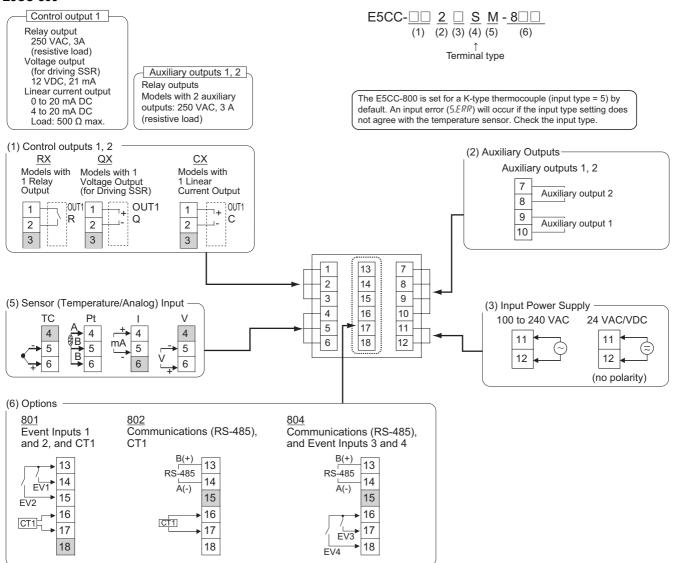
*2 For SSR failure alarms, the heater current will be measured when the control output is OFF, and the output will turn ON if the heater current is higher than the set value (i.e., SSR failure detection current value).
*3 The value is 30 ms for a control period of 0.1 s or 0.2 s.
*4 The value is 35 ms for a control period of 0.1 s or 0.2 s.

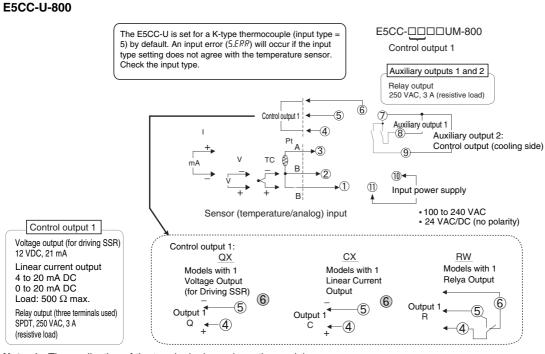
Electrical Life Expectancy Curve for Relays (Reference Values)



External Connections







Note: 1. The application of the terminals depends on the model.

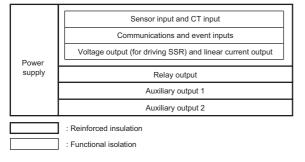
- 2. Do not wire the terminals that are shown with a gray background.
- When complying with EMC standards, the cable that connects the sensor must be 30 m or less. If the cable length exceeds 30 m, compliance with EMC standards will not be possible.

 Connect M3 crimped terminals. Connect M3.5 crimped terminals for the E5CC-U-800.

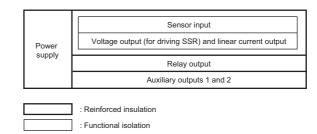
Isolation/Insulation Block Diagrams

• E5CC-800

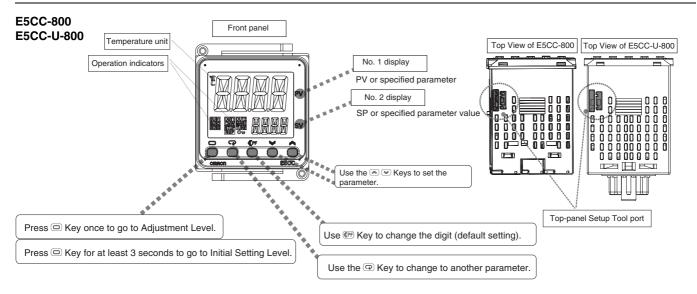
Models with 2 Auxiliary Outputs



• E5CC-U-800 Models with 2 Auxiliary Outputs



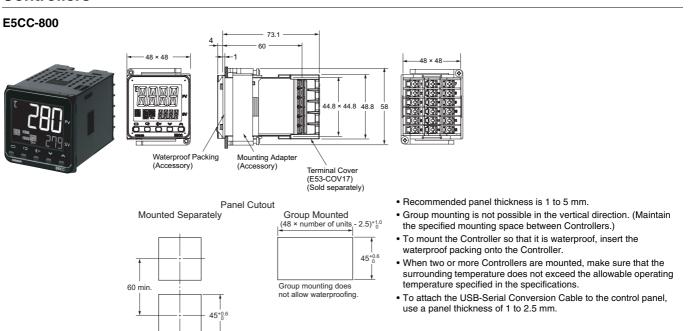
Nomenclature



Dimensions

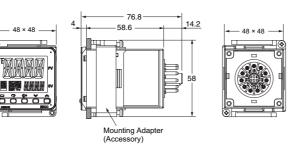
Controllers

(Unit: mm)



E5CC-U-800



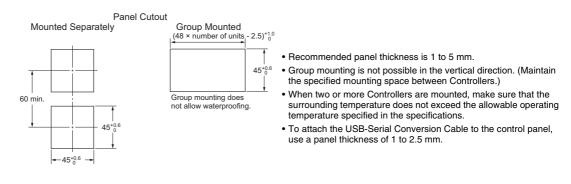


The Setup Tool port is on the top of the Temperature Controller.

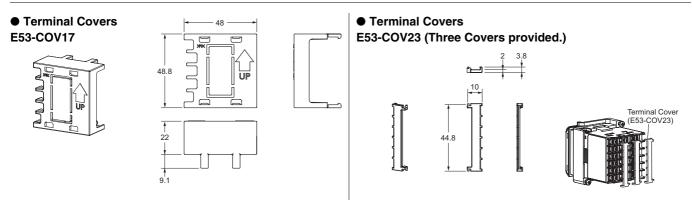
-45^{+0.6} -

It is used to connect the Temperature Controller to the computer to use the Setup Tool. The E58-CIFQ2 USB-Serial Conversion Cable is required to make the connection. Refer to the instructions that are provided with the USB-Serial Conversion Cable for the connection procedure.

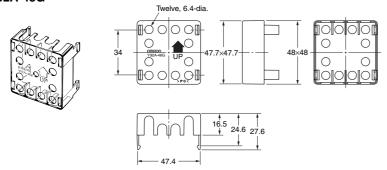
Note: Do not leave the USB-Serial Conversion Cable connected when you use the Temperature Controller.

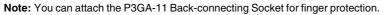


Accessories (Order Separately)

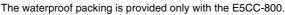


• Terminal Cover (for the P3GA-11 Back-connecting Socket) Y92A-48G



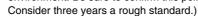


• Waterproof Packing Y92S-P8 (for DIN 48 × 48) (Provided with the Controller.)



Order the Waterproof Packing separately if it becomes lost or damaged.

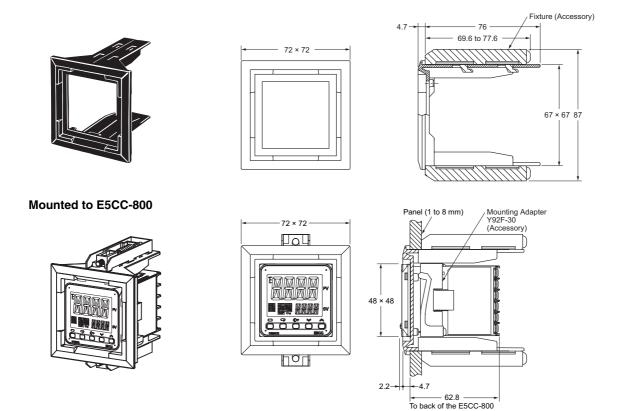
The Waterproof Packing can be used to achieve an IP66 degree of protection. (Deterioration, shrinking, or hardening of the waterproof packing may occur depending on the operating environment. Therefore, periodic replacement is recommended to ensure the level of waterproofing specified in IP66. The time for periodic replacement depends on the operating environment. Be sure to confirm this point at your site.



The Waterproof Packing does not need to be attached if a waterproof structure is not required. The E5CC-U cannot be waterproofed even if the Waterproof Packing is attached.

Adapter Y92F-45

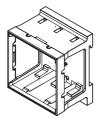
Note: 1. Use this Adapter when the Front Panel has already been prepared for the E5B.2. Only black is available.



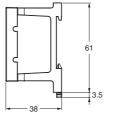
DIN Track Mounting Adapter

Y92F-52

Note: 1. This Adapter cannot be used together with the Terminal Cover.2. Remove the Terminal Cover to use the Adapter.

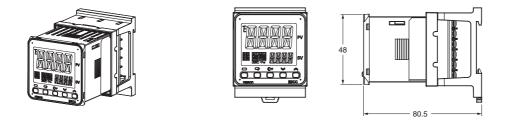


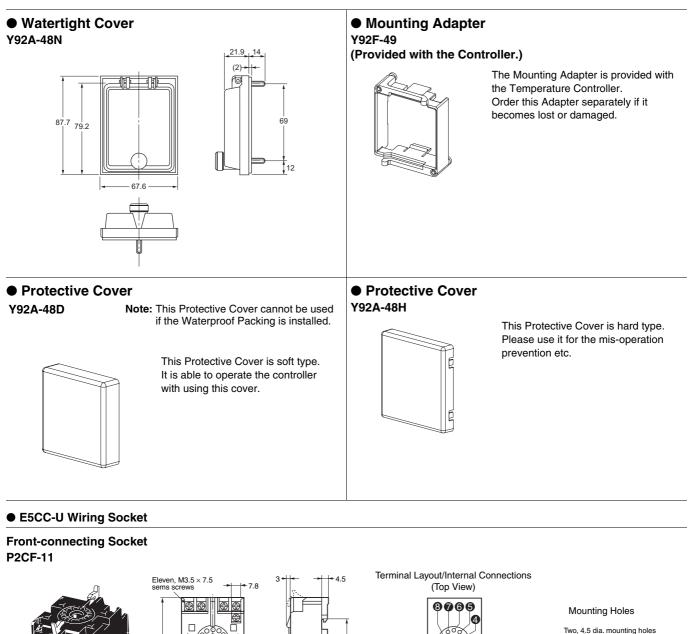




This Adapter is used to mount the E5CC-800 to a DIN Track. If you use the Adapter, there is no need for a plate to mount in the panel or to drill mounting holes in the panel.

Mounted to E5CC-800





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Note: Can also be mounted to a DIN track

Note: 1. A model with finger protection (P2CF-11-E) is also available. 2. You cannot use the P2CF-11 or P2CF-11-E together with the Y92F-45.

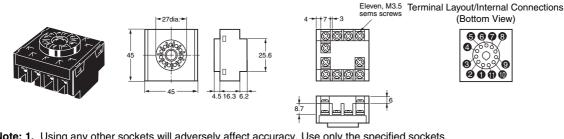
-50 max

Φ

Two 4.5-dia holes

70 r

Back-connecting Socket P3GA-11



-31.2 max

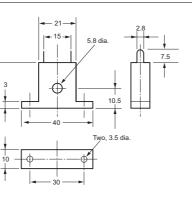
Note: 1. Using any other sockets will adversely affect accuracy. Use only the specified sockets.

- 2. A Protective Cover for finger protection (Y92A-48G) is also available.
- 3. You cannot use the P3GA-11 together with the Y92F-45.

• Current Transformers

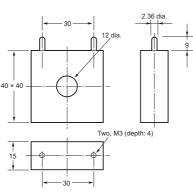
E54-CT1





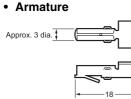
E54-CT3



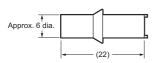


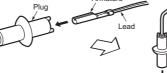
Connection Example

E54-CT3 Accessories



• Plug



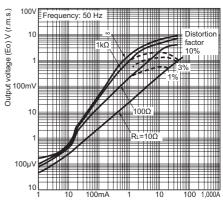


Lead

Thru-current (Io) vs. Output Voltage (Eo) (Reference Values)

E54-CT1

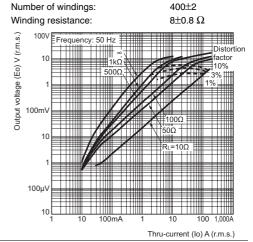
 $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{Maximum continuous heater current:} & 50 \mbox{ A} (50/60 \mbox{ Hz}) \\ \mbox{Number of windings:} & 400 \mbox{\pm}2 \\ \mbox{Winding resistance:} & 18 \mbox{\pm}2 \mbox{ }\Omega \end{array}$



Thru-current (Io) A (r.m.s.)

Thru-current (Io) vs. Output Voltage (Eo) (Reference Values) E54-CT3

Maximum continuous heater current: 120 A (50/60 Hz) (Maximum continuous heater current for an OMRON Digital Temperature Controller is 50 A.)



МЕМО

Digital Temperature Controller (Simple Type) E5EC/E5AC-800

Large White PV Display That's Easier to Read. Easy to Use, from Model Selection to Setup and Operation. A Complete Range of I/O Capacities, Functions, and Performance. Handles More Applications.

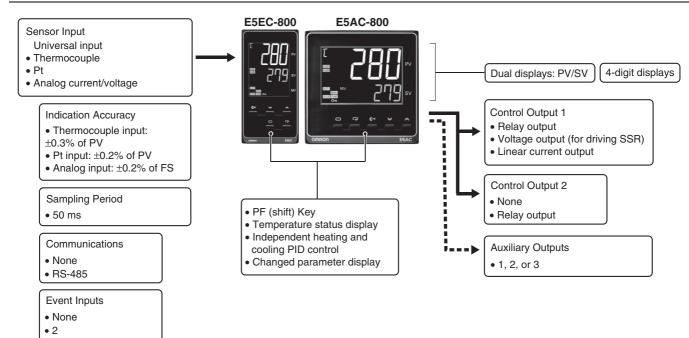
- A white LCD PV display with a height of approx. 18 mm for the E5EC-800 and 25 mm for the E5AC-800 improves visibility.
- High-speed sampling at 50 ms.
- Short body with depth of only 60 mm.
- Easy connections to a PLC with programless communications. Use component communications to link Temperature Controllers to each other.
- The new position-proportional control models allow you to control valves as well.

Main I/O Functions



Refer to your OMRON website for the most recent information on applicable safety standards.

Refer to Safety Precautions on page 50.



Model Number Legend and Standard Models

Model Number Legend

Models with Screw Terminals

 $\textbf{E5EC-800~48} \times \textbf{96~mm}$

Control output 1	Control output 2	Auxiliary output	Communications	Heater burnout	Event inputs	Power supply voltage	Model
Relay output	-					E5EC-RX2ASM-800	
Voltage output	-						E5EC-QX2ASM-800
Linear current output	-					100 +- 040 \/4.0	E5EC-CX2ASM-800
Relay output	Relay output					100 to 240 VAC	E5EC-RR2ASM-800
Voltage output	Relay output						E5EC-QR2ASM-800
Linear current output	Relay output						E5EC-CR2ASM-800
Relay output	-		-	-	-		E5EC-RX2DSM-800
Voltage output	-						E5EC-QX2DSM-800
Linear current output	-					E5EC-CX2DSM-800	
Relay output	Relay output					24 VAC/VDC 100 to 240 VAC	E5EC-RR2DSM-800
Voltage output	Relay output	_					E5EC-QR2DSM-800
Linear current output	Relay output	Two					E5EC-CR2DSM-800
Relay output	Relay output	-					E5EC-RR2ASM-808
Voltage output	Relay output		50 /05		-		E5EC-QR2ASM-808
Relay output	Relay output		RS-485		Two		E5EC-RR2DSM-808
Voltage output	Relay output	-				24 VAC/VDC	E5EC-QR2DSM-808
Relay output	Relay output			One			E5EC-RR2ASM-810
Voltage output	Relay output				_	100 to 240 VAC	E5EC-QR2ASM-810
Relay output	Relay output		-		Four		E5EC-RR2DSM-810
Voltage output	Relay output					24 VAC/VDC	E5EC-QR2DSM-810
Linear current output	Relay output	1	DO 405		+	100 to 240 VAC	E5EC-CR2ASM-804
Linear current output	Relay output	1	RS-485	-	Two	24 VAC/VDC	E5EC-CR2DSM-804
Relay output (Open)*	Relay output (Close)*	-					E5EC-PR0ASM-800
Relay output (Open)*	Relay output (Close)*	-	-	-	- Two	100 to 240 VAC	E5EC-PR2ASM-800
Relay output (Open)*	Relay output (Close)*	Two	RS-485				E5EC-PR2ASM-804

* Position proportional control model.

$\textbf{E5AC-800~48} \times \textbf{96~mm}$

Control output 1	Control output 2	Auxiliary output	Communications	Heater burnout	Event inputs	Power supply voltage	Model						
Relay output	-						E5AC-RX1ASM-800						
Voltage output	-	One					E5AC-QX1ASM-800						
Linear current output	-						E5AC-CX1ASM-800						
Relay output	-					100 to 240 VAC	E5AC-RX3ASM-800						
Voltage output	-	Three					E5AC-QX3ASM-800						
Linear current output	-						E5AC-CX3ASM-800						
Relay output	-		-	-	-		E5AC-RX1DSM-800						
Voltage output	-	One				E5A	E5AC-QX1DSM-800						
Linear current output	-				24 VAC/VDC	E5AC-CX1DSM-800							
Relay output	-					24 VAC/VDC	E5AC-RX3DSM-800						
Voltage output	-						E5AC-QX3DSM-800						
Linear current output	-						E5AC-CX3DSM-800						
Relay output	-					100 to 240 VAC	E5AC-RX3ASM-808						
Voltage output	-		DO 105	_	-		E5AC-QX3ASM-808						
Relay output	-		RS-485		Two		E5AC-RX3DSM-808						
Voltage output	-	Three		One		24 VAC/VDC	E5AC-QX3DSM-808						
Relay output	-			One		100 to 240 VAC	E5AC-RX3ASM-810						
Voltage output	-				-		E5AC-QX3ASM-810						
Relay output	-		-		Four	04.1/4.00/000	E5AC-RX3DSM-810						
Voltage output	-					24 VAC/VDC	E5AC-QX3DSM-810						
Linear current output	-	1	D0 405		T	100 to 240 VAC	E5AC-CX3ASM-804						
Linear current output	-		RS-485	-	Two	24 VAC/VDC	E5AC-CX3DSM-804						
Relay output (Open)*	Relay output (Close)*	-					E5AC-PR0ASM-800						
Relay output (Open)*	Relay output (Close)*		-	-	-	-	-			-	-	100 to 240 VAC	E5AC-PR2ASM-800
Relay output (Open)*	Relay output (Close)*	Two	RS-485	1	Two	1	E5AC-PR2ASM-804						

* Position proportional control model.

20

Heating and Cooling Control

I Using Heating and Cooling Control

(1) Control Output Assignment

If there is no control output 2, an auxiliary output is used as the cooling control output.

If there is a control output 2, the two control outputs are used for heating and cooling.

(It does not matter which output is used for heating and which output is used for cooling.)

Control

If PID control is used, you can set PID control separately for heating and cooling.

This allows you to handle control systems with different heating and cooling response characteristics.

Optional Products (Order Separately)

Terminal Covers

Model
E53-COV24

Waterproof Packing

Applicable Controller	Model
E5EC-800	Y92S-P9
E5AC-800	Y92S-P10

Note: This Waterproof Packing is provided with the Digital Temperature Controller.

Waterproof Cover

Applicable Controller	Model
E5EC-800	Y92A-49N
E5AC-800	Y92A-96N

Front Port Cover

Model	
Y92S-P7	

Note: This Front Port Cover is provided with the Digital Temperature Controller.

Mounting Adapter

	Model			
	Y92F-5	1		
_	 -		-	

(Two Adapters are included.)

Note: This Mounting Adapter is provided with the Digital Temperature Controller.

Current Transformers (CTs)

Hole diameter	Model
5.8 mm	E54-CT1
12.0 mm	E54-CT3

Specifications

Ratings

Power suppl	v voltage		A in model number: 100 to 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz					
			D in model number: 24 VAC, 50/60 Hz; 24 VDC					
Operating voltage range			85% to 110% of rated supply voltage					
Power consumption E5EC-800 E5AC-800		E5EC-800	6.6 VA max. at 100 to 240 VAC, and 4.1 VA max. at 24 VAC or 2.3 W max. at 24 VDC					
		E5AC-800	7.0 VA max. at 100 to 240 VAC, and 4.2 VA max. at 24 VAC or 2.4 W max. at 24 VDC					
Sensor input			Temperature input Thermocouple: K, J, T, E, L, U, N, R, S, B, W, or PL II Platinum resistance thermometer: Pt100 or JPt100 Infrared temperature sensor (ES1B): 10 to 70°C, 60 to 120°C, 115 to 165°C, or 140 to 260°C Analog input Current input: 4 to 20 mA or 0 to 20 mA Voltage input: 1 to 5 V, 0 to 5 V, or 0 to 10 V					
Input impeda	ance		Current input: 150 Ω max., Voltage input: 1 M Ω min. (Use a 1:1 connection when connecting the ES2-HB/THB.)					
Control meth	nod		ON/OFF control or 2-PID control (with auto-tuning)					
Control	Relay out	put	SPST-NO, 250 VAC, 5 A (resistive load), electrical life: 100,000 operations, minimum applicable load: 5 V, 10 mA					
Control output	Voltage output (for driving SSR)		Output voltage: 12 VDC ±20% (PNP), max. load current: 40 mA, with short-circuit protection circuit (The maximum load current is 21 mA for models with two control outputs.)					
	Linear cu	rrent output	4 to 20 mA DC/0 to 20 mA DC, load: 500 Ω max., resolution: approx. 10,000					
Number of outputs		of outputs	1, 2, or 3 (depends on model)					
Auxiliary output	Output specifications		SPST-NO relay outputs, 250 VAC, Models with 2 outputs: 3 A (resistive load), Electrical life: 100,000 operations, Minimum applicable load: 10 mA at 5 V					
	Number of inputs		2 or 4 (depends on model)					
Event input	External contact input specifications		Contact input: ON: 1 kΩ max., OFF: 100 kΩ min.					
Event input			Non-contact input: ON: Residual voltage: 1.5 V max., OFF: Leakage current: 0.1 mA max.					
			Current flow: Approx. 7 mA per contact					
Potentiomet	er input		100 Ω to 10 kΩ					
Setting meth	od		Digital setting using front panel keys					
Indication m	ethod		11-segment digital display and individual indicators Character height: E5EC-800: PV: 18.0 mm, SV: 11.0 mm E5AC-800: PV: 25.0 mm, SV: 15.0 mm					
Multi SP			Up to eight set points (SP0 to SP7) can be saved and selected using event inputs, key operations, or serial communications.					
Bank switch	ing		None					
Other functions			Manual output, heating/cooling control, loop burnout alarm, SP ramp, other alarm functions, heater burnout (HB) alarm (including SSR failure (HS) alarm), 40% AT, 100% AT, MV limiter, input digital filter, self tuning, PV input shift, run/stop, protection functions, temperature status display, moving average of input value					
Ambient ope	Ambient operating temperature		-10 to 55°C (with no condensation or icing), for 3-year warranty: -10 to 50°C (with no condensation or icing)					
Ambient operating humidity		nidity	25% to 85%					
Storage tem	perature		-25 to 65°C (with no condensation or icing)					
Altitude			2,000 m max.					
Recommend	ed fuse		T2A, 250 VAC, time lag, low shut-off capacity					
Installation environment		nt	Installation Category II, Pollution Class 2 (IEC 61010-1 compliant)					

Sen: typ		Р		m res mom	istanc eter	e	Thermocouple												Infrared temperature sensor							
Sensor specifica- tion		Pt100		Pt100 JPt10		100	1	к		J	-	r	E	L	l	IJ	N	R	s	в	w	PLII	10 to 70°C	60 to 120°C	115 to 165°C	140 to 260°C
	2300																				2300					
	1800																			1800						
	1700																	1700	1700							
	1600																	_								
	1500																									
	1400																									
	1300						1300										1300	_		_	_	1300				
ົບ	1200																_	_		_	_	_				
ູ	1100																_	_	_	_						
range (°C)	1000	850							850					850			_	_	_	_	_					
rai	900	850							850					850												
ē	800	-																								
atu	700												600				_	_								
Temperature	600		500.0		500.0			500.0					000				_	_								
Ĕ	500		300.0		300.0			300.0		400.0	400	400.0	-		400	400.0				-						
۹ ۲	400									400.0	400	400.0	-		-00	400.0										260
	300	-											-	-	-		-	-	-	-				120	165	200
	200			100.0		100.0		-					-	-	-								90			-
	100				+ -			+ -									_	_		100						
				0.0		0.0							-					0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
	-100							-20.0	-100	-20.0				-100												
	-200	-200	-199.9		-199.9		-200				-200	-199.9	-200		-200	-199.9	-200									
Set v	alue	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24

Input Ranges (Universal inputs) • Thermocouple/Platinum Resistance Thermometer

Shaded settings are the default settings.

The applicable standards for the input types are as follows: K, J, T, E, N, R, S, B: JIS C 1602-1995, IEC 60584-1 L: Fe-CuNi, DIN 43710-1985 U: Cu-CuNi, DIN 43710-1985

JPt100: JIS C 1604-1989, JIS C 1606-1989 Pt100: JIS C 1604-1997, IEC 60751 PL II: According to Platinel II electromotive force charts from BASF (previously Engelhard)

●Analog input

W: W5Re/W26Re, ASTM E988-1990

Input type	Cur	rent	Voltage						
Input specification	4 to 20 mA	0 to 20 mA	1 to 5 V	0 to 5 V	0 to 10 V				
Setting range	Usable in the following ranges by scaling: -1999 to 9999, -199.9 to 999.9, -19.99 to 99.99 or -1.999 to 9.999								
Set value	25	26	27	28	29				

Alarm type

Each alarm can be independently set to one of the following 19 alarm types. The default is 2: Upper limit. (see note.) Auxiliary outputs are allocated for alarms. ON delays and OFF delays (0 to 999 s) can also be specified.

Set		Alarm outpo	ut operation				
value	Alarm type	When alarm value X is positive	When alarm value X is negative	Description of function			
0	Alarm function OFF	Outpu	it OFF	No alarm			
1	Upper- and lower-limit *1		*2	Set the upward deviation in the set point for the alarm up- per limit (H) and the lower deviation in the set point for the alarm lower limit (L). The alarm is ON when the PV is out- side this deviation range.			
2 (default)	Upper-limit		ON X CON	Set the upward deviation in the set point by setting the alarm value (X). The alarm is ON when the PV is higher than the SP by the deviation or more.			
3	Lower-limit	ON OFF SP PV	ON OFF SP PV	Set the downward deviation in the set point by setting the alarm value (X). The alarm is ON when the PV is lower than the SP by the deviation or more.			
4	Upper- and lower-limit range *1	ON OFF SP PV	*3	Set the upward deviation in the set point for the alarm up- per limit (H) and the lower deviation in the set point for the alarm lower limit (L). The alarm is ON when the PV is inside this deviation range.			
5	Upper- and lower-limit with standby sequence *1	ON OFF SP PV	*4	A standby sequence is added to the upper- and lower-limit alarm (1).*6			
6	Upper-limit with standby sequence	ON OFF SP PV	ON X - PV	A standby sequence is added to the upper-limit alarm (2). *6			
7	Lower-limit with standby sequence	ON X F OFF SP PV	ON X PV	A standby sequence is added to the lower-limit alarm (3).*6			
8	Absolute-value upper-limit		ON OFF 0 PV	The alarm will turn ON if the process value is larger than the alarm value (X) regardless of the set point.			
9	Absolute-value lower-limit	ON OFF 0 PV		The alarm will turn ON if the process value is smaller than the alarm value (X) regardless of the set point.			
10	Absolute-value upper-limit with standby sequence		ON OFF 0	A standby sequence is added to the absolute-value upp limit alarm (8). *6			
11	Absolute-value lower-limit with standby sequence	$\begin{array}{c c} ON & & & & & \\ OFF & & & & \\ 0 & & & \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} ON & & & & \\ OFF & & & \\ 0 & & \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} ON & & & \\ OFF & & \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} ON & & & \\ OFF & & \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} ON & & \\ OFF & & \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} ON & & \\ OFF & & \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} ON & & \\ OFF & & \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} ON & & \\ OFF & & \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} ON & & \\ OFF & & \\ \end{array} $		A standby sequence is added to the absolute-value lower limit alarm (9). *6			
12	LBA (alarm 1 type only)		-	*7			
13	PV change rate alarm		-	*8			
14	SP absolute value upper limit alarm		ON OFF 0 0	This alarm type turns ON the alarm when the set point (SP) is higher than the alarm value (X).			
15	SP absolute value lower limit alarm	ON OFF 0 SP		This alarm type turns ON the alarm when the set point (SP) is lower than the alarm value (X).			
		Standard Control	Standard Control				
	MV absolute value			This alarm type turns ON the alarm when the manipulated			
16	upper limit alarm *9	Heating/Cooling Control (Heating MV)	Heating/Cooling Control (Heating MV)	variable (MV) is higher than the alarm value (X).			
			Always ON				
		Standard Control	Standard Control				
	MV abaaluta waluta			This clowe turns turns ON the stars when the mention is the			
17	MV absolute value lower limit alarm *9	Heating/Cooling Control (Cooling MV)	Heating/Cooling Control (Cooling MV)	This alarm type turns ON the alarm when the manipulated variable (MV) is lower than the alarm value (X).			
			Always ON				

*1 With set values 1, 4 and 5, the upper and lower limit values can be set independently for each alarm type, and are expressed as "L" and "H."
*2. Set value: 1, Upper- and lower-limit alarm

oor raidor i, opp		can no	
Case 1	Case 2	Case 3 (Always ON)	
L H SP	SPL H	H SP L	H<0, L<0
H<0, L>0	H>0, L<0		H<0, L>0
H < L	H > L	H LSP	$ H \geq L $
		SPH L	H>0, L<0 H ≤ L

*3. Set value: 4, Upper- and lower-limit range

C 1	a a	Case 3 (Always OFF)
Case 1	Case 2	H SP L
L H SP H<0, L>0 H < L	SP L H H>0, L<0 H > L	H<0, L>0 H LSP H ≥ L
		H>0, L<0 SPH_L H ≤ L

- *4. Set value: 5, Upper- and lower-limit with standby sequence For Upper- and Lower-Limit Alarm Described Above *2
 - Case 1 and 2
 - <u>Always OFF</u> when the upper-limit and lower-limit hysteresis overlaps. • Case 3: <u>Always OFF</u>
- *5. Set value: 5, Upper- and lower-limit with standby sequence
- Always OFF when the upper-limit and lower-limit hysteresis overlaps. *6. Refer to the E5 C Digital Temperature Controllers User's Manual (Cat. No.
- H174) for information on the operation of the standby sequence.
 *7. Refer to the E5□C Digital Temperature Controllers User's Manual (Cat. No. H174) for information on the PV change rate alarm. This setting cannot be used with a position-proportional model.
- *8. Refer to the E5□C Digital Temperature Controllers User's Manual (Cat. No. H174) for information on the PV change rate alarm.
- *9. When heating/cooling control is performed, the MV absolute upper limit alarm functions only for the heating operation and the MV absolute lower limit alarm functions only for the cooling operation.

Characteristics

			Thermocouple: ($\pm 0.3\%$ of PV or $\pm 1^{\circ}$ C, whichever is greater) ± 1 digit max. *1		
Indication accuracy (at the ambient temperature of 23°C)			Platinum resistance thermometer: ($\pm 0.2\%$ of PV or ± 0.8 °C, whichever is greater) ± 1 digit		
			Analog input: ±0.2% FS ±1 digit max. CT input: ±5% FS ±1 digit max.		
			Potentiometer input: $\pm 5\%$ FS ± 1 digit max.		
			Thermocouple input (R, S, B, W, PL II): (±1% of PV or ±10°C, whichever is greater) ±1 digit	t max.	
Influence of	temperature	e *2	Other thermocouple input: $(\pm 1\% \text{ of PV or } \pm 4^{\circ}\text{C}$, whichever is greater) ± 1 digit max. *3		
			Platinum resistance thermometer: (\pm 1% of PV or \pm 2°C, whichever is greater) \pm 1 digit max.		
Influence of	voltage *2		Analog input: ±1%FS ±1 digit max.		
Innut compli	ing ported		CT input: ±5% FS ±1 digit max.		
Input sampli	ing period		50ms Temperature input: 0.1 to 999.9°C or °F (in units of 0.1°C or °F)		
Hysteresis			Analog input: 0.01% to 99.99% FS (in units of 0.01% FS)		
Proportional	l band (P)		Temperature input: 0.1 to 999.9°C or °F (in units of 0.1°C or °F)		
roportional			Analog input: 0.1 to 999.9% FS (in units of 0.1% FS)		
			Standard, heating/cooling, or Position-proportional (Close)		
Integral time	e (I)		0 to 9999 s (in units of 1 s), 0.0 to 999.9 s (in units of 0.1 s) Position-proportional (Floating)		
			1 to 9999 s (in units of 1 s), 0.1 to 999.9 s (in units of 0.1 s)		
Derivative ti	me (D)		0 to 9999 s (in units of 1 s), 0.0 to 999.9 s (in units of 0.1 s) *4		
Proportional	hand (P) for	r cooling	Temperature input: 0.1 to 999.9°C or °F (in units of 0.1°C or °F)		
•	. ,	•	Analog input: 0.1 to 999.9% FS (in units of 0.1% FS)		
-	e (I) for cooli	-	0 to 9999 s (in units of 1 s), 0.0 to 999.9 s (in units of 0.1 s) *4		
	me (D) for co	ooling	0 to 9999 s (in units of 1 s), 0.0 to 999.9 s (in units of 0.1 s) *4		
Control perio			0.1, 0.2, 0.5, 1 to 99 s (in units of 1 s)		
Manual rese			0.0 to 100.0% (in units of 0.1%)		
Alarm settin	g range		-1999 to 9999 (decimal point position depends on input type)		
Affect of sig	nal source r	esistance	Thermocouple: $0.1^{\circ}C/\Omega$ max. (100 Ω max.) Platinum resistance thermometer: $0.1^{\circ}C/\Omega$ max. (10 Ω max.)		
Insulation re	esistance		20 MΩ min. (at 500 VDC)		
Dielectric st	rength		2,300 VAC, 50/60 Hz for 1 min between terminals of different charge		
Vibration	Malfunction	n	10 to 55 Hz, 20 m/s ² for 10 min each in X, Y, and Z directions		
vibration	Resistance	•	10 to 55 Hz, 20 m/s ² for 2 hrs each in X, Y, and Z directions		
Cheek	Malfunction	n	100 m/s ² , 3 times each in X, Y, and Z directions		
Shock	Resistance	•	300 m/s ² , 3 times each in X, Y, and Z directions		
Weight	I	E5EC-800	Controller: Approx. 210 g, Mounting Brackets: Approx. 4 g × 2		
· ·		E5AC-800	Controller: Approx. 250 g, Mounting Brackets: Approx. 4 g × 2		
Degree of protection			Front panel: IP66, Rear case: IP20, Terminals: IP00		
Memory protection			Non-volatile memory (number of writes: 1,000,000 times)		
Standards	Approved s		UL 61010-1, Korean Radio Waves Act (Act 10564)		
otanualus	Conformed	l standards	EN 61010-1 (IEC 61010-1): Pollution level 2, overcurrent category II, Lloyd's standards *5		
			EMI EN61326		
EMC			Radiated Interference Electromagnetic Field Strength: EN 55011 Group 1, class A Noise Terminal Voltage: EN 55011 Group 1, class A		
			EN SSOTT Group T, class A		
			ESD Immunity: EN 61000-4-2		
			Electromagnetic Field Immunity: EN 61000-4-3		
			Burst Noise Immunity: EN 61000-4-4		
			Conducted Disturbance Immunity: EN 61000-4-6		
			Surge Immunity: EN 61000-4-5		
			Voltage Dip/Interrupting Immunity: EN 61000-4-11		

The indication accuracy of K thermocouples in the -200 to 1300°C range, T and N thermocouples at a temperature of -100°C max., and U and L thermocouples at any temperatures is $\pm 2^{\circ}$ C ± 1 digit max. The indication accuracy of the B thermocouple at a temperature of 400°C max. is not specified. The indication accuracy of B thermocouples at a temperature of 400 to 800°C is $\pm 3^{\circ}$ C max. The indication accuracy of the R and S thermocouples at a temperature of 200°C max. is $\pm 3^{\circ}$ C ± 1 digit max. The indication accuracy of W thermocouples is (± 0.3 of PV or $\pm 3^{\circ}$ C, whichever is greater) ± 1 digit max. The indication accuracy of PV or $\pm 2^{\circ}$ C, whichever is greater) ± 1 digit max. *1.

*2. Ambient temperature: -10°C to 23°C to 55°C, Voltage range: -15% to 10% of rated voltage

*3. K thermocouple at -100°C max.: ±10°C max.
*4. The unit is determined by the setting of the In

*4. The unit is determined by the setting of the Integral/Derivative Time Unit parameter.
*5. Refer to information on maritime standards in *Shipping Standards* on page 52 for compliance with Lloyd's Standards.

Communications Specifications

Transmission line connection method	RS-485: Multidrop	
Communications	RS-485 (two-wire, half duplex)	
Synchronization method	Start-stop synchronization	
Protocol	CompoWay/F, or Modbus	
Baud rate	9600, 19200, 38400, or 57600 bps	
Transmission code	ASCII	
Data bit length*	7 or 8 bits	
Stop bit length*	1 or 2 bits	
Error detection	Vertical parity (none, even, odd) Block check character (BCC) with CompoWay/F or CRC-16 Modbus	
Flow control	None	
Interface	RS-485	
Retry function	None	
Communications buffer	217 bytes	
Communications response wait time	0 to 99 ms Default: 20 ms	

The baud rate, data bit length, stop bit length, and vertical parity can be in-dividually set using the Communications Setting Level.

Communications Functions

Programless communications ^{*1}	You can use the memory in the PLC to read and write E5□C parameters, start and stop operation, etc. The E5□C automatically performs communi- cations with PLCs. No communications program- ming is required. Number of connected Temperature Controllers: 32 max. (Up to 16 for the FX Series) Applicable PLCs OMRON PLCs CS Series, CJ Series, or CP Series Mitsubishi Electric PLCs MELSEC Q Series, L Series, or FX Series (compatible with the FX2 or FX3 (excluding the FX1S)) KEYENCE PLCs KEYENCE KV Series
Component Communications' ¹	When Digital Temperature Controllers are con- nected, set points and RUN/STOP commands can be sent from the Digital Temperature Control- ler that is set as the master to the Digital Temper- ature Controllers that are set as slaves. Slope and offsets can be set for the set point. Number of connected Digital Temperature Con- trollers: 32 max. (including master)
Copying ^{*2}	When Digital Temperature Controllers are con- nected, the parameters can be copied from the Digital Temperature Controller that is set as the master to the Digital Temperature Controllers that are set as slaves.

MELSEC is a registered trademark of Mitsubishi Electric Corporation. KEYENCE is a registered trademark of Keyence Corporation.

*1 A Temperature Controller with version 1.1 or higher is required. A Temperature Controller with version 2.1 or higher is required for the FX Series or the KV Series.

*2 Both the programless communications and the component communications support the copying.

Current Transformer (Order Separately) Ratings

Dielectric strength	1,000 VAC for 1 min
Vibration resistance	50 Hz, 98 m/s ²
Weight	E54-CT1: Approx. 11.5 g, E54-CT3: Approx. 50 g
Accessories (E54-CT3 only)	Armatures (2) Plugs (2)

Heater Burnout Alarms and SSR Failure Alarms

CT input (for heater current detection)	Models with detection for single-phase heaters: One input Models with detection for single-phase or three-phase heaters: Two inputs	
Maximum heater current	50 A AC	
Input current indica- tion accuracy	±5% FS ±1 digit max.	
Heater burnout alarm setting range *1	0.1 to 49.9 A (in units of 0.1 A) Minimum detection ON time: 100 ms *3	
SSR failure alarm setting range *2	0.1 to 49.9 A (in units of 0.1 A) Minimum detection OFF time: 100 ms *4	

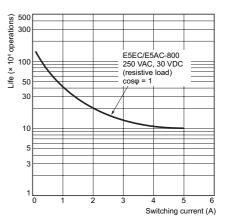
*1. For heater burnout alarms, the heater current will be measured when the control output is ON, and the output will turn ON if the heater current is lower than the set value (i.e., heater burnout detection current value).

*2. For SSR failure alarms, the heater current will be measured when the control output is OFF, and the output will turn ON if the heater current is higher than the set value (i.e., SSR failure detection current value). The value is 30 ms for a control period of 0.1 s or 0.2 s.

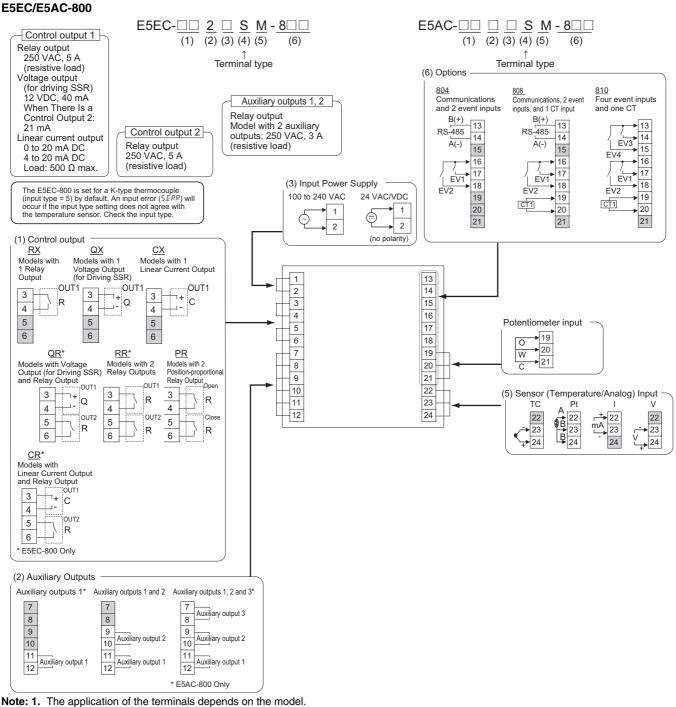
*3.

*4. The value is 35 ms for a control period of 0.1 s or 0.2 s.

Electrical Life Expectancy Curve for Relays (Reference Values)

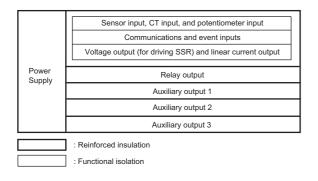


External Connections

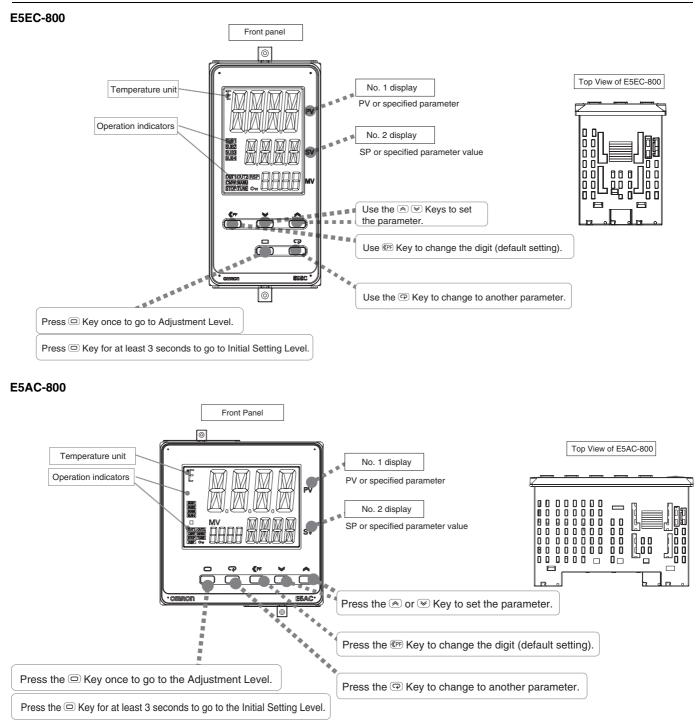


- 2. Do not wire the terminals that are shown with a gray background.
- 3. When complying with EMC standards, the cable that connects the sensor must be 30 m or less. If the cable length exceeds 30 m, compliance with EMC standards will not be possible.
- 4. Connect M3 crimped terminals.

Isolation/Insulation Block Diagrams



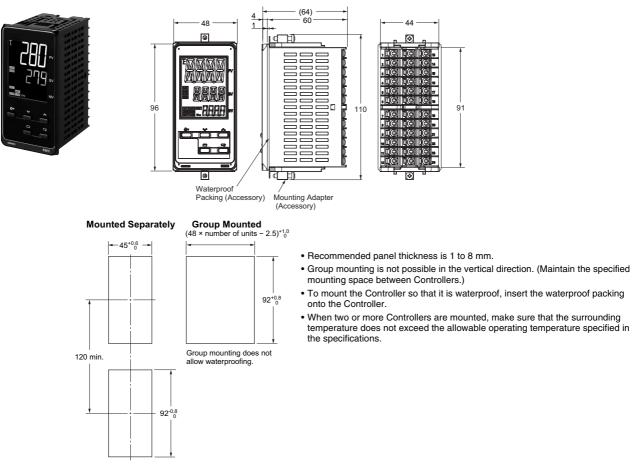
Nomenclature



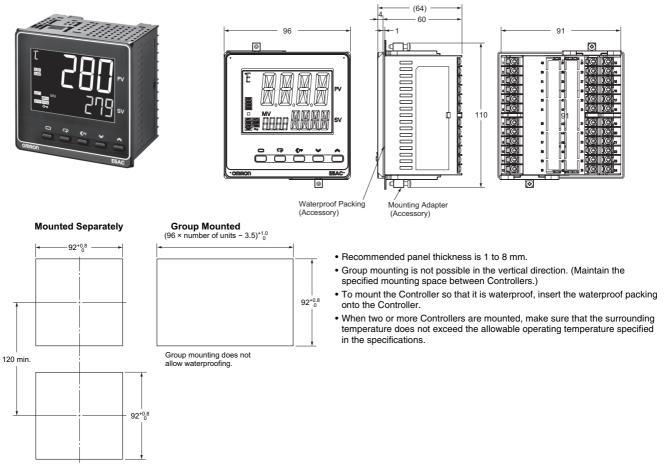
Dimensions

Controllers

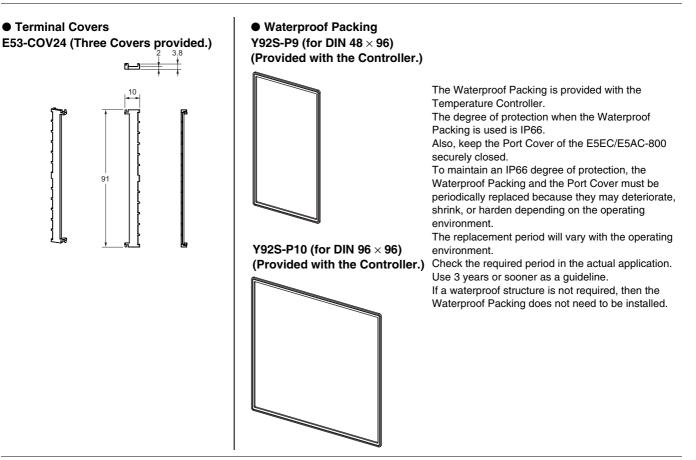
E5EC-800



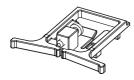
E5AC-800



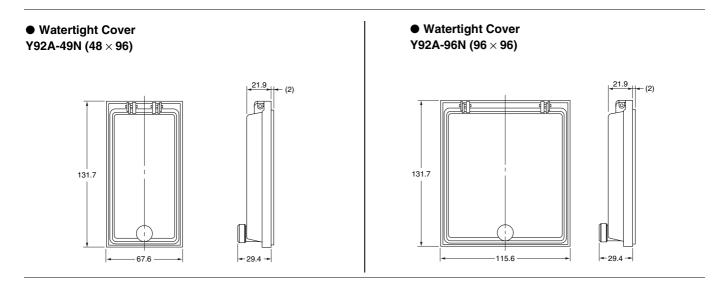
Accessories (Order Separately)



• Mounting Adapter Y92F-51 (for DIN 48 × 96) (Two Adapters provided.)



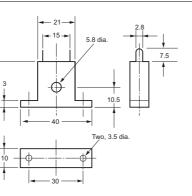
One pair is provided with the Controller. Order this Adapter separately if it becomes lost or damaged.



• Current Transformers

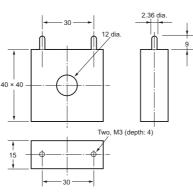
E54-CT1





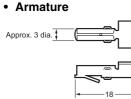
E54-CT3



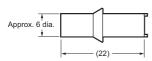


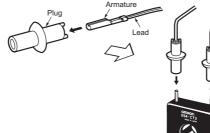
Connection Example

E54-CT3 Accessories





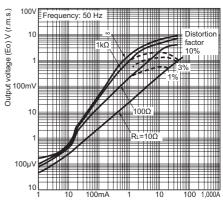




Thru-current (Io) vs. Output Voltage (Eo) (Reference Values)

E54-CT1

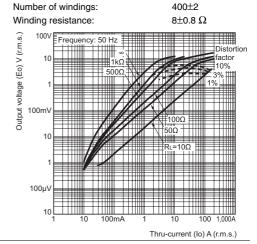
 $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{Maximum continuous heater current:} & 50 \mbox{ A} (50/60 \mbox{ Hz}) \\ \mbox{Number of windings:} & 400 \mbox{\pm}2 \\ \mbox{Winding resistance:} & 18 \mbox{\pm}2 \mbox{ }\Omega \end{array}$





Thru-current (Io) vs. Output Voltage (Eo) (Reference Values) E54-CT3

Maximum continuous heater current: 120 A (50/60 Hz) (Maximum continuous heater current for an OMRON Digital Temperature Controller is 50 A.)



Digital Temperature Controller E5DC-800 (22.5 mm Wide, and DIN Track-mounting Type)

The E5DC-800 Mounts to DIN Track and Is Ideal for Connections to HMIs and PLCs. It provides the Same Easy Operation and Advanced Performance as the Rest of the E5\C-800 Series.

- A slim body at 85 \times 22.5 mm (D \times W) that fits into narrow control panels and mounts to DIN Track.
- Removable terminal block for easy replacement to simplify maintenance.
- High-speed sampling at 50 ms for applications with high-speed temperature increases.
- Easy connections to a PLC with programless communications.
- Models are available with up to 2 auxiliary outputs and 1 event input to complete basic functions.
- A white PV display (height: 8.5 mm) is easy to read when setting up, checking alarms, and making settings in a control panel.

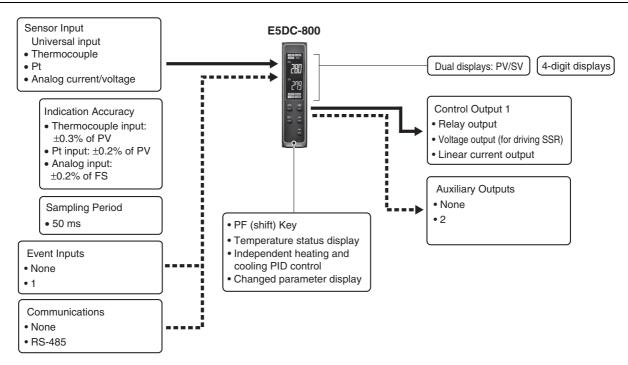


22.5 mm Wide, and DIN Track-mounting Type E5DC-800

Refer to your OMRON website for the most recent information on applicable safety standards.

Refer to Safety Precautions on page 50.

Main I/O Functions



Model Number Legend and Standard Models

Model Number Legend Models with Screw Terminals

E5DC-800 22.5 \times 96 mm

Control output	Auxiliary output	Communications	Heater burnot	Event inputs	Power supply voltage	Model
Relay output	-	RS-485			100 to 240 VAC	E5DC-RX0ASM-815
Voltage output						E5DC-QX0ASM-815
Linear current output						E5DC-CX0ASM-815
Relay output					24 VAC/VDC	E5DC-RX0DSM-815
Voltage output	-					E5DC-QX0DSM-815
Linear current output						E5DC-CX0DSM-815
Relay output					E5DC-RX2ASM-800	
Voltage output					100 to 240 VAC	E5DC-QX2ASM-800
Linear current output	-					E5DC-CX2ASM-800
Relay output					24 VAC/VDC	E5DC-RX2DSM-800
Voltage output	-					E5DC-QX2DSM-800
Linear current output	-					E5DC-CX2DSM-800
Relay output		RS-485	Detection for single-phase heater		100 to 240 VAC	E5DC-RX2ASM-802
Voltage output	1					E5DC-QX2ASM-802
Linear current output	Ture					E5DC-CX2ASM-815
Relay output	Тwo		Detection for single-phase heater		24 VAC/VDC	E5DC-RX2DSM-802
Voltage output	-					E5DC-QX2DSM-802
Linear current output	-					E5DC-CX2DSM-815
Relay output	-		Detection for single-phase heater	One	100 to 240 VAC	E5DC-RX2ASM-817
Voltage output	-					E5DC-QX2ASM-817
Linear current output						E5DC-CX2ASM-816
Relay output			Detection for single-phase heater		24 VAC/VDC	E5DC-RX2DSM-817
Voltage output						E5DC-QX2DSM-817
Linear current output						E5DC-CX2DSM-816

Note: These products are sold as a set with a terminal block (i.e., Terminal Unit).

Heating and Cooling Control Using Heating and Cooling Control

(1) Control Output Assignment

An auxiliary output is used as the cooling control output.

(2) Control

If PID control is used, you can set PID control separately for heating and cooling.

This allows you to handle control systems with different heating and cooling response characteristics.

Optional Products (Order Separately)

Current Transformers (CTs)

Hole diameter	Model
5.8 mm	E54-CT1
12.0 mm	E54-CT3

Mounting Adapters

Model
Y92F-53

Short Bars

Model
Y92S-P11

End Plate
Model
PFP-M
Spacer
Model
PFP-S
DIN Tracks
Model
PFP-100N
PFP-50N
Unit Labels
Model
Y92S-L2
End Cover
Model

Y92F-54

OMRON	35

(

E5DC-800

Specifications

Ratings

	-			
Power supply voltage		A in model number: 100 to 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz D in model number: 24 VAC, 50/60 Hz; 24 VDC		
Operating voltage range		85% to 110% of rated supply voltage		
Power consumption		4.9 VA max. at 100 to 240 VAC, and 2.8 VA max. at 24 VDC or 1.5 W max. at 24 VDC		
Sensor input		Temperature input Thermocouple: K, J, T, E, L, U, N, R, S, B, W, or PL II Platinum resistance thermometer: Pt100 or JPt100 Infrared temperature sensor (ES1B): 10 to 70°C, 60 to 120°C, 115 to 165°C, or 140 to 260°C Analog input Current input: 4 to 20 mA or 0 to 20 mA Voltage input: 1 to 5 V, 0 to 5 V, or 0 to 10 V		
Input impe	edance	Current input: 150 Ω max., Voltage input: 1 M Ω min. (Use a 1:1 connection when connecting the ES2-HB/THB.)		
Control m	ethod	ON/OFF control or 2-PID control (with auto-tuning)		
Control	Relay output	SPST-NO, 250 VAC, 3 A (resistive load), electrical life: 100,000 operations, minimum applicable load: 5 V, 10 mA		
output	Voltage output (for driving SSR)	Output voltage 12 VDC \pm 20% (PNP), max. Load current: 21 mA, with short-circuit protection circuit		
	Linear current output	4 to 20 mA DC/0 to 20 mA DC, load: 500 Ω max., resolution: Approx. 10,000		
Auviliary	Number of outputs	2 (depends on model)		
Auxiliary outputs	Output specifications	SPST-NO relay outputs: 250 VAC, 2 A (resistive load), Electrical life: 100,000 operations, Minimum applicable load: 10 mA at 5 V		
	Number of inputs	1 (depends on model)		
Event	External contact input specifications	Contact input ON: 1 k Ω max., OFF: 100 k Ω min.		
inputs		Non-contact input ON: Residual voltage 1.5 V max.; OFF: Leakage current 0.1 mA max.		
		Current flow: approx. 7 mA per contact		
Setting me	ethod	Digital setting using front panel keys		
Indication	method	11-segment digital displays and individual indicators Character height: PV: 8.5 mm, SV: 8.0 mm		
Multi SP		Up to eight set points (SP0 to SP7) can be saved and selected using the event inputs, key operations, or serial communications.*		
Bank swit	ching	None		
Other functions		Manual output, heating/cooling control, loop burnout alarm, SP ramp, other alarm functions, heater burn- out (HB) alarm (including SSR failure (HS) alarm), 40% AT, 100% AT, MV limiter, input digital filter, self tuning, PV input shift, run/stop, protection functions, temperature status display, moving average of input value		
Ambient operating temperature		-10 to 55°C (with no condensation or icing), for 3-year warranty: -10 to 50°C (with no condensation or icing)		
Ambient operating humidity		25% to 85%		
Storage temperature		-25 to 65°C (with no condensation or icing)		
Altitude		2,000 m max.		
Recommended fuse		T2A, 250 VAC, time lag, low shut-off capacity		
Installatio	n environment	Installation Category II, Pollution Class 2 (IEC 61010-1 compliant)		

* Only two set points are selectable for event inputs.

Input Ranges •Thermocouple/Platinum Resistance Thermometer (Universal inputs)

Sensor type		Р		m res rmom	sistano neter	ce	Thermocouple										Infra	Infrared temperature sensor								
Sen spec tic	ifica-		Pt100		JPt	100		к		J		г	Е	L	Ţ	U	Ν	R	s	в	w	PLII	10 to 70°C	60 to 120°C	115 to 165°C	140 to 260°C
	2300																				2300					
	1800																			1800						
	1700																	1700	1700							
	1600																									
	1500																	L _	L _							
	1400																				_					
	1300						1300										1300			_		1300				
õ	1200																_									
°,	1100																_									
õu	1000	850							850					850			_									
ra	900	0.00							0.00					000			_									
rre	800								-								-									
atı	700	+ -											600				_									
bei	600		500.0		500.0			500.0						-			-									
Temperature range (°C)	500									400.0	400	400.0			400	400.0										
Ĕ	400 300													_												260
	200																							120	165	
	100			100.0		100.0									_								90			
	100																			100						
	-100			0.0		0.0							_		_			0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
	-200				<u> </u>			-20.0	-100	-20.0		L		-100												
		-200	-199.9	•	-199.9		-200	•	-		-200	-199.9	-200	10	-200	-199.9	-200	10	4-	10	10					
Set v	alue	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24

Shaded settings are the default settings.

The applicable standards for the input types are as follows: K, J, T, E, N, R, S, B: JIS C 1602-1995, IEC 60584-1 L: Fe-CuNi, DIN 43710-1985

U: Cu-CuNi, DIN 43710-1985

W: W5Re/W26Re, ASTM E988-1990

JPt100: JIS C 1604-1989, JIS C 1606-1989 Pt100: JIS C 1604-1997, IEC 60751 PL II: According to Platinel II electromotive force charts from BASF (previously Engelhard)

Analog input

Input type	Current Voltage						
Input specification	4 to 20 mA 0 to 20 mA 1 to 5 V		0 to 5 V	0 to 10 V			
Setting range	-1999 to 99	ne following 99, -199.9 to 9.99 or -1.99					
Set value	25	26	27	28	29		

Alarm Types

Each alarm can be independently set to one of the following 17 alarm types. The default is 2: Upper limit. (See note.)

Auxiliary outputs are allocated to alarms. ON delays and OFF delays (0 to 999 s) can also be specified. **Note:** In the default settings for models with HB or HS alarms, alarm 1 is set to a heater alarm (HA) and the Alarm Type 1 parameter is not

displayed.

To use alarm 1, set the output assignment to alarm 1.

Set		Alarm output	ut operation			
value	Alarm type	When alarm value X is positive	is negative	Description of function		
0	Alarm function OFF	Outpu	it OFF	No alarm		
1	Upper- and lower-limit *1		*2	Set the upward deviation in the set point for the alarm upper limit (H) and the lower deviation in the set point for the alarm lower limit (L). The alarm is ON when the PV is outside this deviation range.		
2 (default)	Upper-limit	ON OFF SP PV	ON X - PV	Set the upward deviation in the set point by setting the alarm value (X). The alarm is ON when the PV is higher than the SP by the deviation or more.		
3	Lower-limit	ON X SP PV	ON OFF SP PV	Set the downward deviation in the set point by setting the alarm value (X). The alarm is ON when the PV is lower than the SP by the deviation or more.		
4	Upper- and lower-limit range *1	ON OFF SP PV	*3	Set the upward deviation in the set point for the alarm upper limit (H) and the lower deviation in the set point for the alarm lower limit (L). The alarm is ON when the PV is inside this de- viation range.		
5	Upper- and lower-limit with standby sequence *1	*5 OFF SP PV	*4	A standby sequence is added to the upper- and lower-limit alarm (1). $^{\ast}6$		
6	Upper-limit with standby sequence	ON OFFSP PV	ON X - PV	A standby sequence is added to the upper-limit alarm (2). *6		
7	Lower-limit with standby sequence	ON X F OFF SP PV	ON OFF SP PV	A standby sequence is added to the lower-limit alarm (3). *6		
8	Absolute-value upper-lim- it		ON OFF 0	The alarm will turn ON if the process value is larger than the alarm value (X) regardless of the set point.		
9	Absolute-value lower-limit	ON OFF 0 PV		The alarm will turn ON if the process value is smaller than the alarm value (X) regardless of the set point.		
10	Absolute-value upper-lim- it with standby sequence		ON OFF 0	A standby sequence is added to the absolute-value upper- limit alarm (8). *6		
11	Absolute-value lower-limit with standby sequence			A standby sequence is added to the absolute-value lower- limit alarm (9). *6		
12	LBA (alarm 1 type only)		-	*7		
13	PV change rate alarm		-	*8		
14	SP absolute-value upper-limit alarm	ON OFF 0 SP	ON OFF 0	This alarm type turns ON the alarm when the set point (SP) is higher than the alarm value (X).		
15	SP absolute-value lower-limit alarm	ON OFF 0		This alarm type turns ON the alarm when the set point (SP) is lower than the alarm value (X).		
		Standard Control	Standard Control			
	MV absolute-value			This alarm type turns ON the alarm when the manipulated		
16	upper-limit alarm *9	Heating/Cooling Control (Heating MV)	Heating/Cooling Control (Heating MV)	variable (MV) is higher than the alarm value (X).		
		0	Always ON Standard Control			
17	MV absolute-value lower-limit alarm *9	Heating/Cooling Control (Cooling MV)	Heating/Cooling Control (Cooling MV)	This alarm type turns ON the alarm when the manipulated variable (MV) is lower than the alarm value (X).		
		ON OFF 0 MV	Always ON			

- *1 With set values 1, 4, and 5, the upper- and lower-limit values can be set independently for each alarm type, and are expressed as "L" and "H.'
- *2 Set value: 1, Upper- and lower-limit alarm

Case 1	Case 2	Case 3 (Always OFF)	
L H SP	SPL H	H SP L	H<0, L<0
H<0, L>0 H < L	H>0, L<0 H > L	H LSP	H<0, L>0 H ≥ L
1.11		SPH L	H>0, L<0 H ≤ L

*3 Set value: 4, Upper- and lower-limit range

,		5
Case 1	Case 2	Case 3 (Always ON)
L H SP	SPL H	H SP L H<0, L<0
H<0, L>0 H < L	H>0, L<0 H > L	H _ L SP H<0, L>0 H _ L SP H ≥ L
		H>0, L<0 SPH H ≤ L

- *4 Set value: 5, Upper- and lower-limit with standby sequence For Upper- and Lower-Limit Alarm Described Above at *2
 - In cases 1 and 2 above, the alarm is <u>always OFF</u> if the upperand lower-limit hysteresis overlaps.
 - In case 3, the alarm is always OFF.
- *5 Set value: 5, Upper- and lower-limit alarm with standby sequence The alarm is always OFF if upper- and lower-limit hysteresis overlaps.
- *6 Refer to the E5 C Digital Temperature Controllers User's Manual (Cat. No. H174) for information on the operation of the standby sequence.
- *7 Refer to the E5 C Digital Temperature Controllers User's Manual (Cat. No. H174) for information on the LBA.
- *8 Refer to the E5 C Digital Temperature Controllers User's Manual (Cat. No. H174) for information on the PV change rate alarm.
- *9 When heating/cooling control is performed, the MV absolutevalue upper-limit alarm functions only for the heating operation and the MV absolute-value lower-limit alarm functions only for the cooling operation.

Charact	eristics					
	nccuracy nted individually, ambi- ature of 23°C)	$ \begin{array}{ll} \mbox{Thermocouple:*1} & (\pm 0.3 \ \% \ \mbox{of PV or } \pm 1 \ \% \ \mbox{C}, \ \mbox{whichever is greater}) \pm 1 \ \mbox{digit max}. \\ \mbox{Platinum resistance thermometer:} & (\pm 0.2 \ \% \ \mbox{of PV or } \pm 0.8 \ \% \ \mbox{C}, \ \mbox{whichever is greater}) \pm 1 \ \mbox{digit max}. \\ \mbox{Analog input:} & \pm 0.2 \ \mbox{FS } \pm 1 \ \mbox{digit max}. \\ \mbox{CT input:} & \pm 5 \ \mbox{FS } \pm 1 \ \mbox{digit max}. \\ \end{array} $				
Influence of	f temperature *2	Thermocouple input (R, S, B, W, PL II): (±1% of PV or ±10°C, whichever is greater) ±1 digit max.				
Influence o	f voltage *2	Other thermocouple input: $(\pm 1\% \text{ of PV or } \pm 4^{\circ}\text{C}$, whichever is greater) ± 1 digit max. *3 Platinum resistance thermometer: $(\pm 1\% \text{ of PV or } \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$, whichever is greater) ± 1 digit max. Analog input: $\pm 1\% \text{ FS } \pm 1$ digit max. CT input: $\pm 5\% \text{ FS } \pm 1$ digit max.				
Installation (E5DC-800		R, S, B, W, or PLII thermocouple: $(\pm 1\% \text{ of PV or } \pm 10^{\circ}\text{C}$, whichever is greater) ± 1 digit max. Other thermocouple: $(\pm 1\% \text{ of PV or } \pm 4^{\circ}\text{C}$, whichever is greater) ± 1 digit max. *3				
Input samp	ling period	50 ms				
Hysteresis		Temperature input: 0.1 to 999.9°C or °F (in units of 0.1°C or °F) Analog input: 0.01% to 99.99% FS (in units of 0.01% FS)				
Proportiona	al band (P)	Temperature input: 0.1 to 999.9°C or °F (in units of 0.1°C or °F) Analog input: 0.1% to 999.9% FS (in units of 0.1% FS)				
Integral tim	e (I)	0 to 9999 s (in units of 1 s), 0.0 to 999.9 s (in units of 0.1 s) *4				
Derivative t	ime (D)	0 to 9999 s (in units of 1 s), 0.0 to 999.9 s (in units of 0.1 s) *4				
Proportional band (P) for cooling		Temperature input: 0.1 to 999.9°C or °F (in units of 0.1°C or °F) Analog input: 0.1% to 999.9% FS (in units of 0.1% FS)				
Integral time (I) for cooling		0 to 9999 s (in units of 1 s), 0.0 to 999.9 s (in units of 0.1 s) *4				
Derivative time (D) for cooling		0 to 9999 s (in units of 1 s), 0.0 to 999.9 s (in units of 0.1 s) *4				
Control period		0.1, 0.2, 0.5, 1 to 99 s (in units of 1 s)				
Manual res		0.0% to 100.0% (in units of 0.1%)				
Alarm setti	5 5	-1,999 to 9,999 (decimal point position depends on input type)				
Influence of tance	f signal source resis-	Thermocouple: 0.1° C/ Ω max. (100 Ω max.), Platinum resistance thermometer: 0.1° C/ Ω max. (10 Ω max.)				
Insulation r	esistance	20 MΩ min. (at 500 VDC)				
Dielectric s	trength	2,300 VAC, 50/60 Hz for 1 min between terminals of different charge				
Vibration	Malfunction	10 to 55 Hz, 20 m/s ² for 10 min each in X, Y and Z directions				
Theration	Resistance	10 to 55 Hz, 20 m/s ² for 2 hr each in X, Y, and Z directions				
Shock	Malfunction	100 m/s ² , 3 times each in X, Y, and Z directions				
	Resistance	300 m/s ² , 3 times each in X, Y, and Z directions				
Weight		Controller: Approx. 120 g				
Degree of p		Main unit: IP20, Terminal unit: IP00				
Memory pro		Non-volatile memory (number of writes: 1,000,000 times)				
Approved standards Conformed standards EMC		UL 61010-1, Korean Radio Waves Act (Act 10564)				
		EN 61010-1 (IEC 61010-1): Pollution level 2, overcurrent category II				
		EMI:EN61326Radiated Interference Electromagnetic Field Strength:EN55011 Group 1, class ANoise Terminal Voltage:EN55011 Group 1, class AEMS:EN61326ESD Immunity:EN61000-4-2Electromagnetic Field Immunity:EN61000-4-3Burst Noise Immunity:EN61000-4-4Conduction Disturbance Immunity:EN61000-4-6Surge Immunity:EN61000-4-5Voltage Dip/Interrupting Immunity:EN61000-4-11				

*1 The indication accuracy of K thermocouples in the -200 to 1,300°C range, T and N thermocouples at a temperature of -100°C or less, and U and L thermocouples at any temperature is ±2°C ±1 digit max. The indication accuracy of B thermocouples at a temperature of 400°C max. is not specified. The indication accuracy of B thermocouples at a temperature of 400 to 800°C is ±3°C max.

The indication accuracy of R and S thermocouples at a temperature of 200°C max. is ± 3 °C ± 1 digit max. The indication accuracy of W thermocouples is ($\pm 0.3\%$ of PV or ± 3 °C, whichever is greater) ± 1 digit max.

The indication accuracy of PLII thermocouples is $(\pm 0.3\% \text{ of PV or } \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, whichever is greater) ± 1 digit max. Ambient temperature: -10 to 23 to 55°C, Voltage range: -15% to 10% of rated voltage

*2

*3 K thermocouple at -100°C max: ±10°C max.

*4 The unit is determined by the setting of the Integral/Derivative Time Unit parameter.
*5 External serial communications (RS-485) and USB-Serial Conversion Cable communications can be used at the same time.

Communications Specifications

Transmission line connection method	RS-485: Multidrop
Communications	RS-485 (two-wire, half-duplex)
Synchronization method	Start-stop synchronization
Protocol	CompoWay/F or Modbus
Baud rate	9,600, 19,200, 38,400, or 57,600 bps
Transmission code	ASCII
Data bit length *	7 or 8 bits
Stop bit length *	1 or 2 bits
Error detection	Vertical parity (none, even, or odd) Block check character (BCC) with CompoWay/F or CRC-16 with Modbus
Flow control	None
Interface	RS-485
Retry function	None
Communications buffer	217 bytes
Communications response wait time	0 to 99 ms Default: 20 ms

The baud rate, data bit length, stop bit length, and vertical parity can be individually set using the Communications Setting Level.

Communications Functions

Program- less communi- cations ' ¹	You can use the memory in the PLC to read and write E5□C parameters, start and stop operation, etc. The E5□C automatically performs communications with the PLC. No communications programming is required. Number of connected Digital Temperature Controllers: 32 max. (Up to 16 for the FX Series) Applicable PLCs: OMRON PLCs CS Series, CJ Series, or CP Series Mitsubishi Electric PLCs MELSEC Q Series, L Series, or FX Series (compatible with the FX2 or FX3 (excluding the FX1S)) KEYENCE PLCs KEYENCE KV Series
Component Communi- cations ^{*1}	When Digital Temperature Controllers are connected, set points and RUN/STOP commands can be sent from the Digital Temperature Controller that is set as the master to the Digital Temperature Controllers that are set as slaves. Slope and offsets can be set for the set point. Number of connected Digital Temperature Controllers: 32 max. (including master)
Copying ^{*2}	When Digital Temperature Controllers are connected, the pa- rameters can be copied from the Digital Temperature Control- ler that is set as the master to the Digital Temperature Controllers that are set as slaves.

MELSEC is a registered trademark of Mitsubishi Electric Corporation. KEYENCE is a registered trademark of Keyence Corporation.

- *1 A Temperature Controller with version 2.1 or higher is required for the FX Series or the KV Series.
- *2 Both the programless communications and the component communications support the copying.

Current Transformer (Order Separately) Ratings

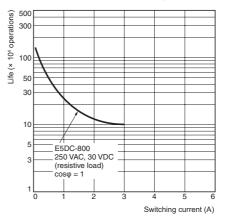
Dielectric strength	1,000 VAC for 1 min
Vibration resistance	50 Hz, 98 m/s ²
Weight	E54-CT1: Approx. 11.5 g, E54-CT3: Approx. 50 g
Accessories (E54-CT3 only)	Armatures (2) Plugs (2)

Heater Burnout Alarms and SSR Failure Alarms

CT input (for heater current detection)	Models with detection for single-phase heat- ers: 1 input
Maximum heater current	50 A AC
Input current indication accuracy	±5% FS ±1 digit max.
Heater burnout alarm setting range *1	0.1 to 49.9 A (in units of 0.1 A) Minimum detection ON time: 100 ms *3
SSR failure alarm setting range *2	0.1 to 49.9 A (in units of 0.1 A) Minimum detection OFF time: 100 ms *4

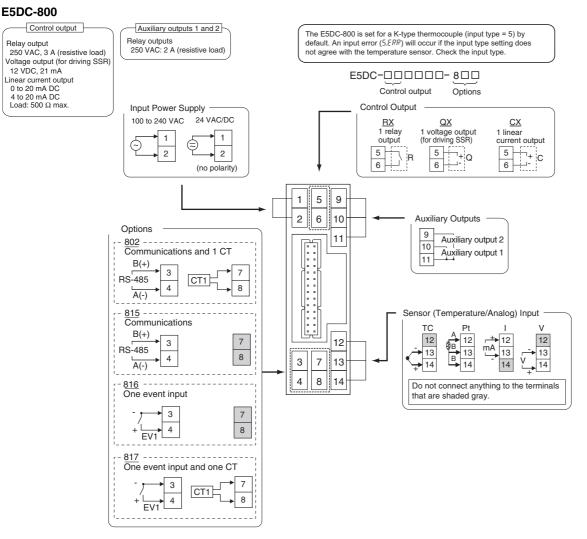
*1 For heater burnout alarms, the heater current will be measured when the control output is ON, and the output will turn ON if the heater current is lower than the set value (i.e., heater burnout detection current value).
*2 For SSR failure alarms, the heater current will be measured when the control output is OFF, and the output will turn ON if the heater current is higher than the set value (i.e., SSR failure detection current value).
*3 The value is 30 ms for a control period of 0.1 s or 0.2 s.
*4 The value is 35 ms for a control period of 0.1 s or 0.2 s.

Electrical Life Expectancy Curve for Control Output Relay (Reference Values)



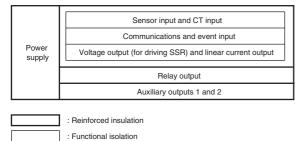
E5DC-800

External Connections



- Note: 1. The application of the terminals depends on the model.
 - 2. Do not wire the terminals that are shown with a gray background.
 - 3. When complying with EMC standards, the cable that connects the sensor must be 30 m or less. If the cable length exceeds 30m, compliance with EMC standards will not be possible.
 - 4. Connect M3 crimped terminals.

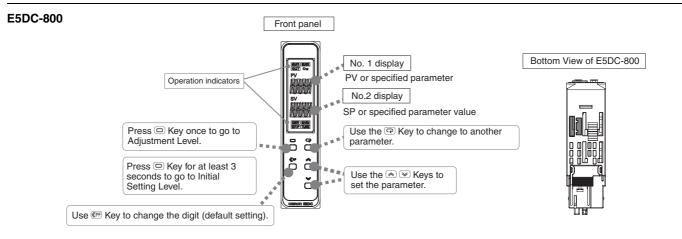
Isolation/Insulation Block Diagrams



Note: Auxiliary outputs 1 and 2 are not insulated.

E5DC-800

Nomenclature



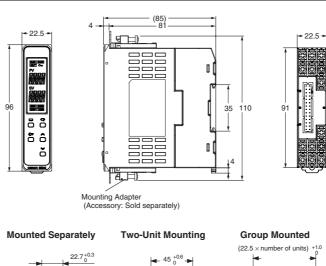
Dimensions

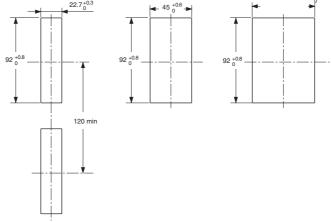
(Unit: mm)

E5DC-800

Controllers







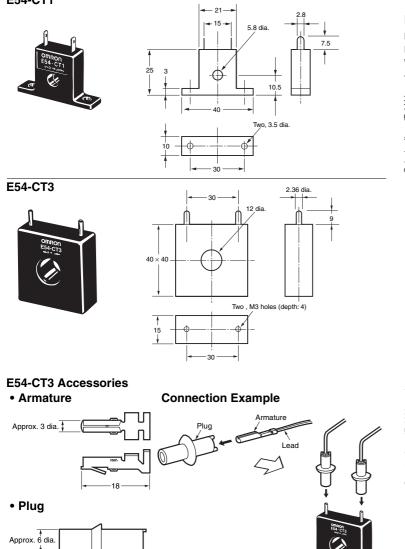
- Recommended panel thickness is 1 to 8 mm.
- Group mounting is not possible in the vertical direction. (Maintain the specified mounting space between Controllers.) When two or more Digital Termperature Controllers are mounted, make sure that the surrounding temperature does not exceed the allowable operating temperature specified in the specifications.

E5DC-800

Accessories (Order Separately)

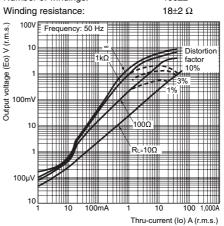
Current Transformers





Thru-current (Io) vs. Output Voltage (Eo) (Reference Values) E54-CT1

Maximum continuous heater current:50 A (50/60 Hz)Number of windings:400±2

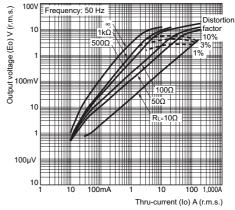


Thru-current (Io) vs. Output Voltage (Eo) (Reference Values) E54-CT3

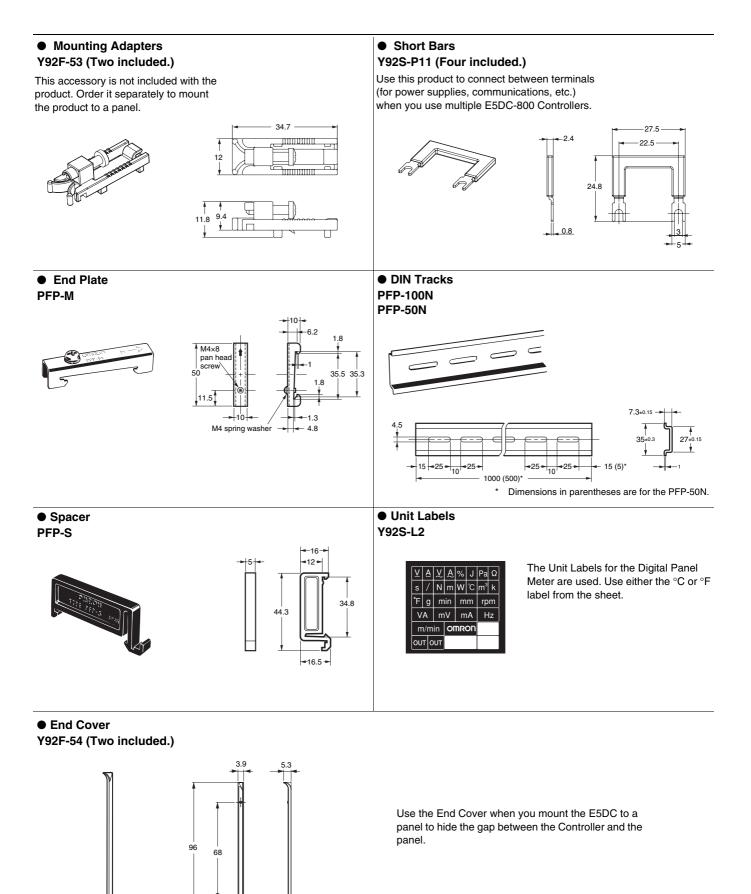
Maximum continuous heater current: 120 A (50/60 Hz) (Maximum continuous heater current for an OMRON Digital Temperature Controller is 50 A.)

Number of windings: 400±2

Winding resistance: 8±0.8 Ω



(22)

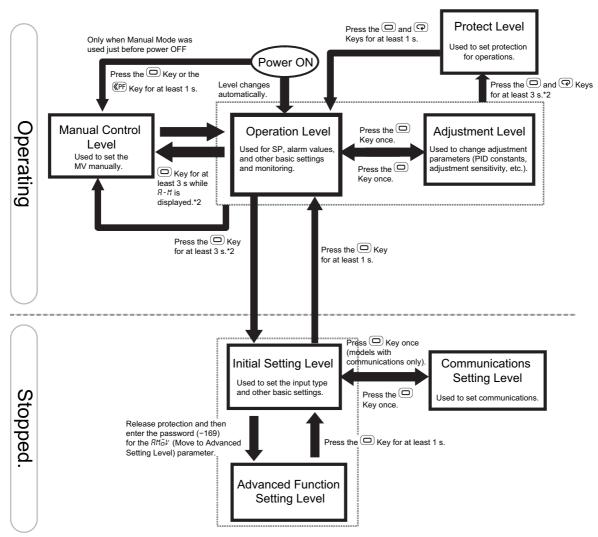


E5CC/E5CC-U/E5EC/E5AC/E5DC-800

Operation

Setting Levels Diagram

This diagram shows all of the setting levels. To move to the advanced function setting level and calibration level, you must enter passwords. Some parameters are not displayed depending on the protect level setting and the conditions of use. Control stops when you move from the operation level to the initial setting level.



*1. To use a key procedure to move to Manual Control Level, set the Auto/Manual Select Addition parameter to ON and set the PF Setting parameter to R-M (Auto/ Manual).

*2. The No. 1 display will flash in the middle when the keys are pressed for 1 s or longer.

Error Displays (Troubleshooting)

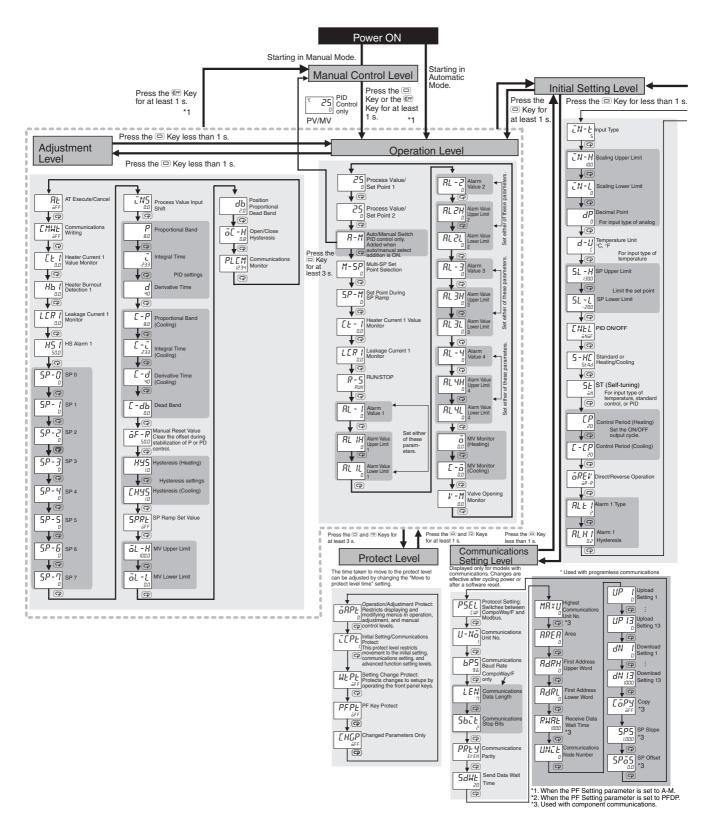
When an error occurs, the No. 1 display or No. 2 display shows the error code. Take necessary measure according to the error code, referring the following table.

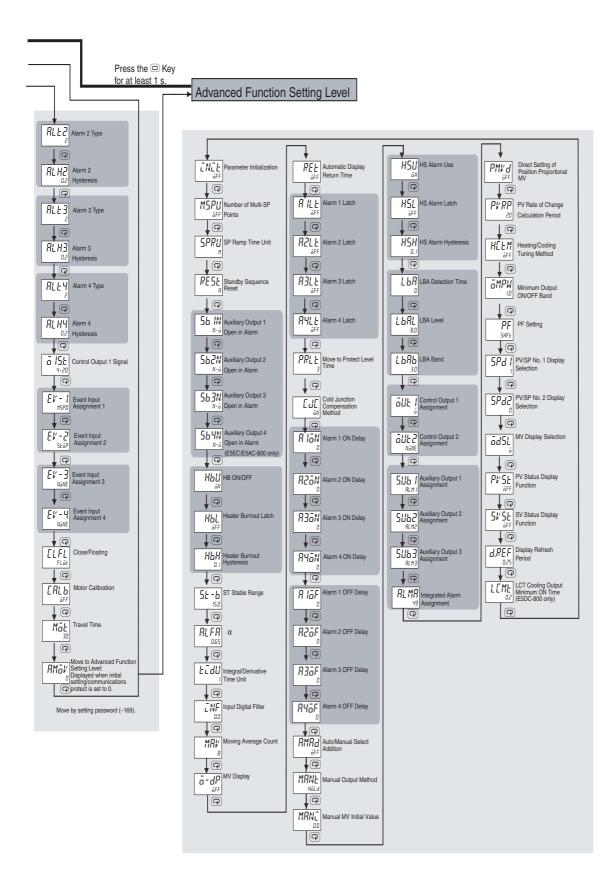
Display	Name		Meaning	Action	Operation	
5.E <i>RR</i>	Input error	The input value exceeded the control range.* The input type is not set correctly. The sensor is disconnected or short- circuited. The sensor is not wired correctly. The sensor is not wired. * Control Range Temperature resistance thermometer or thermocouple input: SP Lower Limit - 20°C to SP Upper Limit + 20°C (SP Lower Limit - 40°F to SP Upper Limit + 40°F) ESIB input: Same as specified input range. Analog input: Scaling range -5% to 105%		Check the wiring for input to be sure it is wired correctly, not broken, and not shorted. Also check the input type. If there are no problems in the wiring or input type settings, cycle the power supply. If the display remains the same, replace the Digital Temperature Controller. If the display is restored to normal, then the probable cause is external noise affecting the control system. Check for external noise. Note: For a temperature resistance thermometer, the input is considered disconnected if the A, B, or B' line is broken.	After the error occurs and it is displayed, the alarm output will operate as if the upper limit was exceeded. It will also operate as if transfer output exceeded the upper limit. If an input error is assigned to a control output or auxiliary output, the output will turn ON when the input error occurs. The error message will appear in the display for the PV. Note: 1. The heating and cooling control outputs will turn OFF. 2. When the manual MV, MV at stop, or MV at error is set, the control output is determined by the set value.	
<i></i>	Display range	Below -1,999	This is not an error. It is displayed when the control range is wider than the display range and the PV exceeds the display	_	Control continues and operation is normal. The value will appear in the display for the PV. Refer to the E5⊡C Digital Controllers	
כבככ	exceeded	Above 9,999 range that is give the left (the number	displayed for the range that is given on the left (the number without the decimal		User's Manual (Cat. No. H174) for information on the controllable range.	
E 3 3 3	A/D converter error	There is an er circuits.	ror in the internal	First, cycle the power supply. If the display remains the same, the controller must be repaired. If the display is restored to normal, then a probable cause can be external noise affecting the control system. Check for external noise.	The control outputs, auxiliary outputs, and transfer outputs turn OFF. (A current output will be approx. 0 mA and a linear voltage output will be approx. 0V.)	
EIII	Memory error	There is an er memory opera	ror in the internal tion.	First, cycle the power supply. If the display remains the same, the controller must be repaired. If the display is restored to normal, then a probable cause can be external noise affecting the control system. Check for external noise.	The control outputs, auxiliary outputs, and transfer outputs turn OFF. (A current output will be approx. 0 mA and a linear voltage output will be approx. 0V.)	
FFFF	Overcurrent	This error is dia current exceed	splayed when the peak ds 55.0 A.	-	Control continues and operation is normal. The error message will appear for the following displays. Heater Current Value 1 Monitor Leakage Current Value 1 Monitor	
EE I LER I	HB or HS alarm	1 display will f setting level.	3 or HS alarm, the No. lash in the relevant	-	The No. 1 display for the following parameter flashes in Operation Level or Adjustment Level. Heater Current Value 1 Monitor Leakage Current Value 1 Monitor However, control continues and operation is normal.	
	Potentiometer Input Error (Position- proportional Models Only)	Opening Moni the following e • Motor calibu- performed. • The wiring e incorrect or • The potenti incorrect (e	ration has not been of the potentiometer is	Check for the above errors.	Close control: The control output is OFF or the value that is set for the MV at PV Error parameter is output. Floating control: Operation will be normal.	

Operation

Parameters

The following pages describe the parameters set in each level. Pressing the 💬 (Mode) Key at the last parameter in each level returns to the top parameter in that level. Some parameters may not be displayed depending on the model and other settings.





Safety Precautions

Be sure to read the precautions for all E5CC/E5CC-U/E5EC/E5AC/E5DC-800 models in the website at: http:// www.ia.omron.com/.

Warning Indications

	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury or in property damage.
Precautions for Safe Use	Supplementary comments on what to do or avoid doing, to use the product safely.
Precautions for Correct Use	Supplementary comments on what to do or avoid doing, to prevent failure to operate, malfunction or undesirable effect on product performance.

Meaning of Product Safety Symbols

	Used to warn of the risk of electric shock under specific conditions.
\bigcirc	Used for general prohibitions for which there is no specific symbol.
	Used to indicate prohibition when there is a risk of minor injury from electrical shock or other source if the product is disassembled.
	Used for general CAUTION, WARNING, or DANGER precautions for which there is no specified symbol. (This symbol is also used as the alerting symbol, but shall not be used in this meaning on the product.)
0	Used for general mandatory action precautions for which there is no specified symbol.

CAUTION

Do not touch the terminals while power is being supplied.

Doing so may occasionally result in minor injury due to electric shock.

Electric shock may occur. Do not touch any cables or connectors with wet hands.



Electric shock, fire, or malfunction may occasionally occur. Do not allow metal objects, conductors, cuttings from installation work, or moisture to enter the Digital Temperature Controller or the Setup Tool port or ports.



Do not use the Digital Temperature Controller where subject to flammable or explosive gas. Otherwise, minor injury from explosion may occasionally occur.

Not doing so may occasionally result in fire. Do not allow dirt or other foreign objects to enter the Setup Tool port or ports, or between the pins on the connectors on the Setup Tool cable.

Minor electric shock or fire may occasionally occur. Do not use any cables that are damaged.



Never disassemble, modify, or repair the product or touch any of the internal parts. Minor electric shock, fire, or malfunction may occasionally occur.

CAUTION - Risk of Fire and Electric Shock

a. This product is UL recognised as Open Type Process Control Equipment. It must be mounted in an enclosure that does not allow fire to escape externally.



- b. More than one disconnect switch may be required to deenergize the equipment before servicing the product.
- Signal inputs are SELV, limited energy. *1
- d. Caution: To reduce the risk of fire or electric shock, do not interconnect the outputs of different Class 2 circuits. *2

If the output relays are used past their life expectancy, contact fusing or burning may occasionally occur. Always consider the application conditions and use the output relays within their rated load and electrical life expectancy. The life expectancy of output relays varies considerably with the output load and switching conditions.

Even if you replace only the Main Unit of the E5DC-800 check the condition of the Terminal Unit. If corroded terminals are used, contact failure in the terminals may cause the temperature inside the Digital Controller to increase, possibly resulting in fire. If the terminals are corroded, replace the Terminal Unit as well.



Tighten the terminal screws to the rated torque of

between 0.43 and 0.58 N•m. Loose screws may occasionally result in fire.

Set the parameters of the product so that they are suitable for the system being controlled. If they are not suitable, unexpected operation may occasionally result in property damage or accidents.



A malfunction in the product may occasionally make control operations impossible or prevent alarm outputs, resulting in property damage.



To maintain safety in the event of malfunction of the product, take appropriate safety measures, such as installing a monitoring device on a separate line.

- E5CC, E5EC, E5AC, and E5DC Controllers that were shipped through *1. November 2013 are UL recognized.
- *2. An SELV (separated extra-low voltage) system is one with a power supply that has double or reinforced insulation between the primary and the secondary circuits and has an output voltage of 30 V r.m.s. max. and 42.4 V peak max. or 60 VDC max.
- *3. A class 2 circuit is one tested and certified by UL as having the current and voltage of the secondary output restricted to specific levels.
- *4. The specified torque is 0.5 N·m for the E5CC-U.





Precautions for Safe Use

Be sure to observe the following precautions to prevent malfunction or adverse affects on the performance or functionality of the product. Not doing so may occasionally result in faulty operation.

- 1. This product is specifically designed for indoor use only.
 - Do not use this product in the following places:
 - Places directly subject to heat radiated from heating equipment.
 - Places subject to splashing liquid or oil atmosphere.
 - Places subject to direct sunlight.
 - Places subject to dust or corrosive gas (in particular, sulfide gas and ammonia gas).
 - · Places subject to intense temperature change.
 - Places subject to icing and condensation.
 - · Places subject to vibration and large shocks.
- 2. Use and store the product within the rated ambient temperature and humidity.

Gang-mounting two or more Digital Temperature Controllers, or mounting Digital Temperature Controllers above each other may cause heat to build up inside the Digital Temperature Controllers, which will shorten their service life. In such a case, use forced cooling by fans or other means of air ventilation to cool down the Digital Temperature Controllers.

3. To allow heat to escape, do not block the area around the Digital Temperature Controller.

Do not block the ventilation holes on the Digital Temperature Controller.

- 4. Be sure to wire properly with correct polarity of terminals.
- 5. Use the specified size of crimped terminals (M3, width of 5.8 mm or less) to wire the E5CC, E5EC, E5AC, or E5DC. To connect bare wires to the terminal block of the E5CC, E5EC, E5AC, or E5DC, use copper braided or solid wires with a gage of AWG24 to AWG18 (equal to a cross-sectional area of 0.205 to 0.8231 mm²). (The stripping length is 6 to 8 mm.) Up to two wires of the same size and type, or two crimped terminals can be inserted into a single terminal.

Use the specified size of crimped terminals (M3.5, width of 7.2 mm or less) to wire the E5CC-U. To connect bare wires to the terminal block of the E5CC-U, use copper braided or solid wires with a gage of AWG24 to AWG14 (equal to a cross-sectional area of 0.205 to 2.081 mm²). (The stripping length is 5 to 6 mm.) Up to two wires of the same size and type, or two crimped terminals, can be inserted into a single terminal.

- 6. Do not wire the terminals that are not used.
- 7. Use a commercial power supply for the power supply voltage input to a Digital Temperature Controller with AC input specifications. Do not use the output from an inverter as the power supply. Depending on the output characteristics of the inverter, temperature increases in the Digital Temperature Controller may cause smoke or fire damage even if the inverter has a specified output frequency of 50/60 Hz.
- 8. To avoid inductive noise, keep the wiring for the product's terminal block away from power cables carry high voltages or large currents. Also, do not wire power lines together with or parallel to product wiring. Using shielded cables and using separate conduits or ducts is recommended.

Attach a surge suppressor or noise filter to peripheral devices that generate noise (in particular, motors, transformers, solenoids, magnetic coils, or other equipment that have an inductance component).

When a noise filter is used at the power supply, first check the voltage or current, and attach the noise filter as close as possible to the product.

Allow as much space as possible between the product and devices that generate powerful high frequencies (high-frequency welders, high-frequency sewing machines, etc.) or surge.

- Use this product within the rated load and power supply.
 Make sure that the rated voltage is attained within two seconds of
- turning ON the power using a switch or relay contact. If the voltage is applied gradually, the power may not be reset or output malfunctions may occur.
- 11.Make sure that the Digital Temperature Controller has 30 minutes or more to warm up after turning ON the power before starting actual control operations to ensure the correct temperature display.
- 12.When executing self-tuning for the E5DC, turn ON power to the load (e.g., heater) at the same time as or before supplying power to the product. If power is turned ON to the product before turning

ON power to the load, self-tuning will not be performed properly and optimum control will not be achieved.

- **13.** A switch or circuit breaker must be provided close to the product. The switch or circuit breaker must be within easy reach of the operator, and must be marked as a disconnecting means for this unit.
- 14.Use a soft and dry cloth to clean the product carefully. Do not use organic solvent, such as paint thinner, benzine or alcohol to clean the product.
- **15.**Design the system (e.g., control panel) considering the 2 seconds of delay that the product's output to be set after power ON.
- **16.** The output may turn OFF when you move to the initial setting level. Take this into consideration when performing control operations.
- 17. The number of non-volatile memory write operations is limited. Therefore, use RAM write mode when frequently overwriting data, e.g., through communications.
- **18.**Use suitable tools when taking the Digital Temperature Temperature Controller apart for disposal. Sharp parts inside the Digital Temperature Controller may cause injury.
- **19.**For compliance with Lloyd's standards, the É5ĆC, E5CC-U, E5EC, and E5AC must be installed under the conditions that are specified in *Shipping Standards.*
- 20.Do not touch the external power supply terminals or other metal parts on the Digital Temperature Controller.
- 21.Do not exceed the communications distance that is given in the specifications. Use the specified communications cable. Refer to the E5□C Digital Controllers User's Manual (Cat. No. H174) for information on the communications distances and cables.
- **22.**Do not bend the communications cables past their natural bending radius. Do not pull on the communications cables.
- 23.Connectors may be damaged if they are inserted with excessive force. When connecting a connector, always make sure that it is oriented correctly. Do not force the connector if it does not connect smoothly.
- 24.For the E5DC-800, when you attach the Main Unit to the Terminal Unit, make sure that the hooks on the Main Unit are securely inserted into the Terminal Unit.
- **25.**For the E5CC-U, when you attach the Main Unit to the socket, make sure that the hooks on the socket are securely inserted into the Main Unit.
- 26.Install the DIN Track vertically to the ground.
- **27.**For the E5DC-800, always turn OFF the power supply before connecting the Main Unit to or disconnecting the Main Unit from the Terminal Unit, and never touch nor apply shock to the terminals or electronic components. When connecting or disconnecting the Main Unit, do not allow the electronic components to touch the case.

Shipping Standards

The E5CC-800, E5CC-U-800, E5EC-800, E5AC-800, and E5DC-800 comply with Lloyd's standards. When applying the standards, the following installation and wiring requirements must be met in the application.

Application Conditions

Installation Location

The E5CC-800, E5CC-U-800, E5EC-800, E5AC-800, and E5DC-800 comply with installation category ENV1 and ENV2 of Lloyd's standards. Therefore, they must be installed in a location equipped with air conditioning. They cannot be used on the bridge or decks, or in a location subject to strong vibration.

Precautions for Correct Use

Service Life

1. Use the product within the following temperature and humidity ranges:

Temperature:-10 to 55°C (with no icing or condensation)Humidity:25% to 85%

If the product is installed inside a control board, the ambient temperature must be kept to under 55°C, including the temperature around the product.

 The service life of electronic devices like Digital Temperature Controllers is determined not only by the number of times the relay is switched but also by the service life of internal electronic components.

Component service life is affected by the ambient temperature: the higher the temperature, the shorter the service life and, the lower the temperature, the longer the service life. Therefore, the service life can be extended by lowering the temperature of the Digital Temperature Controller.

3. When two or more Digital Temperature Controllers are mounted horizontally close to each other or vertically next to one another, the internal temperature will increase due to heat radiated by the Digital Temperature Controllers and the service life will decrease. In such a case, use forced cooling by fans or other means of air ventilation to cool down the Digital Temperature Controllers. When providing forced cooling, however, be careful not to cool down the terminals sections alone to avoid measurement errors.

Measurement Accuracy

- 1. When extending or connecting the thermocouple lead wire, be sure to use compensating wires that match the thermocouple types.
- When extending or connecting the lead wire of the platinum resistance thermometer, be sure to use wires that have low resistance and keep the resistance of the three lead wires the same.
- 3. Mount the product so that it is horizontally level.
- 4. If the measurement accuracy is low, check to see if input shift has been set correctly.

Waterproofing

(Not applicable to the E5CC-U-800/E5DC-800)

The degree of protection is as shown below. Sections without any specification on their degree of protection or those with $IP\square0$ are not waterproof.

Front panel: IP66, Rear case: IP20, Terminal section: IP00 When waterproofing is required, insert the Waterproof Packing on the backside of the front panel. The degree of protection when the Waterproof Packing is used is IP66. To maintain an IP66 degree of protection, the Waterproof Packing and the Port Cover must be periodically replaced because they may deteriorate, shrink, or harden depending on the operating environment. The replacement period will vary with the operating environment. Check the required period in the actual application. Use 3 years or sooner as a guideline. If the Waterproof Packing and Port Cover are not periodically replaced, waterproof performance may not be maintained. If a waterproof structure is not required, then the Waterproof Packing does not need to be installed.

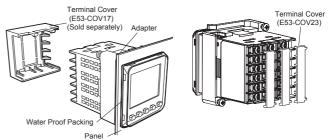
Operating Precautions

- 1. When starting operation after the Digital Temperature Controller has warmed up, turn OFF the power and then turn it ON again at the same time as turning ON power for the load. (Instead of turning the Digital Temperature Controller OFF and ON again, switching from STOP mode to RUN mode can also be used.)
- 2. Avoid using the Controller in places near a radio, television set, or wireless installing. These devices can cause radio disturbances which adversely affect the performance of the Controller.

Mounting Mounting to a Panel

E5CC-800

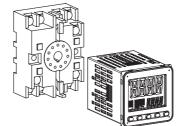
There are two models of Terminal Covers that you can use with the E5CC-800.



- 1. For waterproof mounting, waterproof packing must be installed on the Controller. Waterproofing is not possible when group mounting several Controllers. Waterproof packing is not necessary when there is no need for the waterproofing function.
- 2. Insert the E5CC-800 into the mounting hole in the panel.
- Push the adapter from the terminals up to the panel, and temporarily fasten the E5CC-800.
- Tighten the two fastening screws on the adapter. Alternately tighten the two screws little by little to maintain a balance. Tighten the screws to a torque of 0.29 to 0.39 N·m.

E5CC-U-800

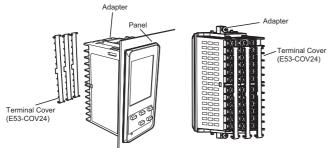
For the Wiring Socket for the E5CC-U, purchase the P2CF-11 or PG3A-11 separately.



- For waterproof mounting, waterproof packing must be installed on the Controller. Waterproofing is not possible when group mounting several Controllers. Waterproof packing is not necessary when there is no need for the waterproofing function. The E5CC-U-800 cannot be waterproofed even if the Waterproof Packing is inserted.
- 2. Insert the E5CC/E5CC-U-800 into the mounting hole in the panel.
- Push the adapter from the terminals up to the panel, and temporarily fasten the E5CC-800.

4. Tighten the two fastening screws on the adapter. Alternately tighten the two screws little by little to maintain a balance. Tighten the screws to a torque of 0.29 to 0.39 N·m.

E5EC/E5AC-800



- 1. For waterproof mounting, waterproof packing must be installed on the Controller. Waterproofing is not possible when group mounting several Controllers. Waterproof packing is not necessary when there is no need for the waterproofing function.
- Insert the E5EC/E5AC-800 into the mounting hole in the panel.
 Push the adapter from the terminals up to the panel, and
- temporarily fasten the E5EC/E5AC-800.4. Tighten the two fastening screws on the adapter. Attemptately tighten the two screws little by little to maintee.
- Alternately tighten the two screws little by little to maintain a balance. Tighten the screws to a torque of 0.29 to 0.39 N·m.

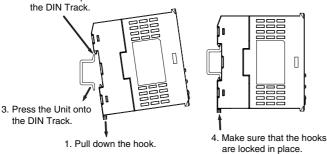
Mounting to and Removing from DIN Track E5DC-800

Mounting a Unit

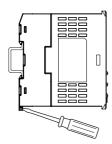
Pull down the DIN Track hook on the Terminal Unit and catch the top hook on the DIN Track.

Press the Unit onto the DIN Track until the DIN Track hooks are locked in place.

2. Catch the top hook on

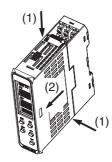


 Removing a Unit Pull down on the DIN Track Hook with a flat-blade screwdriver and lift up the Unit.



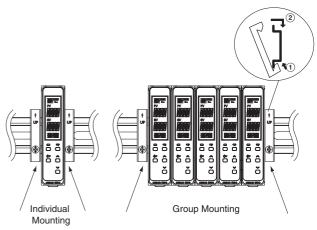
Removing the Main Unit

Press in the two hooks on the Main Unit and remove the Main Unit from the Terminal Unit.



End Plate Installation

Make sure to attach PFP-M End Plates to the ends of the Units.



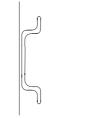
Mounting the DIN Track

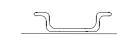
Attach the DIN Track to the inside of the control panel with screws to at least three locations.

- DIN Track (sold separately)
 - PFP-50N (50 cm) and PFP-100N (100 cm)



Install the DIN Track vertically to the ground.



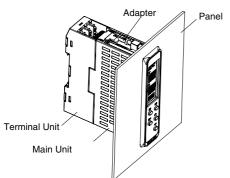


Vertical: OK

Horizontal: NG

E5CC/E5CC-U/E5EC/E5AC/E5DC-800

Mounting to a Panel E5DC-800

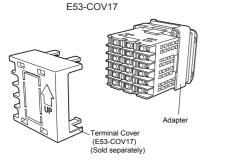


- 1. Insert the E5DC-800 into the mounting hole in the panel. (Attach the Terminal Unit after you insert the Main Unit.)
- 2. Push the Adapter from the Terminal Unit up to the panel, and temporarily fasten the E5DC-800.
- Tighten the two fastening screws on the Adapter. Alternately tighten the two screws little by little to maintain a balance. Tighten 3. the screws to a torque of 0.29 to 0.39 N·m.

Mounting the Terminal Cover E5CC-800

Slightly bend the E53-COV23 Terminal Cover to attach it to the terminal block as shown in the following diagram. The Terminal Cover cannot be attached in the opposite direction. E53-COV17 Terminal Cover can be also attached.

Make sure that the "UP" mark is facing up, and then attach the E53-COV17 Terminal Cover to the holes on the top and bottom of the Digital Temperature Controller.

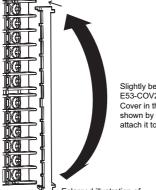




E53-COV23

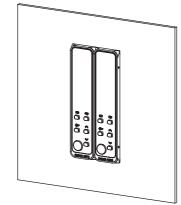
E5EC/E5AC-800

Slightly bend the E53-COV24 Terminal Cover to attach it to the terminal block as shown in the following diagram. The Terminal Cover cannot be attached in the opposite direction.



Attaching the End Cover E5DC-800

1. Install the E5DC in a panel.

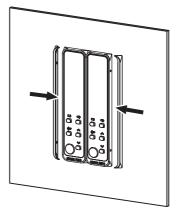


2. Peel off the release paper from the double-sided tape on the End Cover.



3. Align the tabs on the End Cover with the depressions on the E5DC and attach the End Cover.



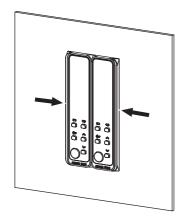


Slightly bend the E53-COV24 Terminal Cover in the direction shown by the arrows to attach it to the terminal block.

Enlarged illustration of

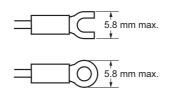
OMRON

4. Secure the End Cover so that the double-sided tape is firmly attached.

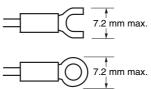


• Precautions when Wiring

- Separate input leads and power lines in order to prevent external noise.
- Use a shielded, AWG24 to AWG18 (cross-sectional area of 0.205 to 0.8231 mm²) twisted-pair cable. Use a shielded, AWG24 to AWG14 (cross-sectional area of 0.205 to 2.081 mm²) twisted-pair cable for the E5CC-U. The stripping length is 6 to 8 mm for the E5CC-800, E5EC, E5AC, or E5DC and 5 to 6 mm for the E5CC-U-800.
- Use crimp terminals when wiring the terminals.
- Use the suitable wiring material and crimp tools for crimp terminals.
- Tighten the terminal screws to a torque of 0.43 to 0.58 N·m. The specified torque is 0.5 N·m for the E5CC-U-800.
- For the E5CC-800, E5EC, E5AC, or E5DC, use the following types of crimp terminals for M3 screws.



• For the E5CC-U, use the following types of crimp terminals for M3.5 screws.



E5CC/E5CC-U/E5EC/E5AC/E5DC-800

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