

ME70-169 RF Module User Guide

1vv0301021 rev.4 - 2015-06-19





APPLICABILITY TABLE

PRODUCT	
ME70-169	



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Contents

1.	Introduction
1.1.	Scope
1.2.	ME70-169 Product Description
1.3.	Contact Information, Support
1.4.	Text Conventions
1.5.	Related Documents
2.	Regulatory Conformance Information
2.1.	169 MHz band Requirements
2.2.	Other Regulatory Requirements
3.	General Features
3.1.	Main Functionalities
3.2.	Software
3.3.	Temperature Operating Range
3.4.	Mechanical Specifications
3.5.	Mechanical drawing
3.6.	DC Specifications
3.7.	Radio Specifications
3.8.	Power comsumption
3.9.	Digital Specifications
3.10	D. Absolute Maximum Ratings
3.11	. Ordering Information
4.	Pin-out and signals description 22
4.1.	Module Pin OUT (Top View)
4.2.	Module Pin-out table
4.3.	Pin-out of the Module DIP
4.4.	Dip-Module Pin-out correspondence table
4.5.	Signals description



5.	Process Information	28
5.1	. Delivery	28
5.2	. Storage	29
5.3	. Moisture sensibility	29
5.4	. Additional Precautions	29
5.5	. Soldering pad pattern	29
5.6	Solder past	30
5.7	. Placement	30
5.8	. Soldering Profile (RoHS Process)	31
6.	Board Mounting Recommendation	32
6.1	. Electrical environment	32
6.2	. Power supply decoupling on ME70-169 module	32
6.3	. RF layout considerations	33
6.4	. Antenna connections on printed circuit boards	34
6.5	. Antenna Installation Guidelines	35
6.6	. ME70-169 Interfacing	35
7.	EC Declaration of Conformity	38
8.	Safety Recommendations	39
9.	Glossary	40
10.	Document History	41



1. Introduction

1.1. Scope

Scope of this document is to present the features and the application of the Telit ME70-169 radio modules (ME70-169).

1.2. ME70-169 Product Description

The ME70-169 module is a multi-channel radio board, delivering up to 1W in the 169 MHz ISM band (unlicensed frequency band). The module is provided with a UART interface for serial communication and –configuration and one RF output pin.

It is delivered with preloaded protocol stack:

• ME70-169: "Wireless M-Bus Part 4 Mode N" Protocol stack.

ME70-169 is fully compatible with low power version ME50-169.

ME70-169 is pin-to-pin compatible with LE, NE and ME modules working at different frequencies. ME70-169 is also pin-to-pin compatible with Telit ZE Family (ZigBee PRO stack).

1.3. Contact Information, Support

For general contact, technical support, to report documentation errors and to order manuals, contact Telit Technical Support Center (TTSC) at:

TS-SRD@telit.com

TS-NORTHAMERICA@telit.com

TS-LATINAMERICA@telit.com

TS-APAC@telit.com

Alternatively, use:

http://www.telit.com/en/products/technical-support-center/contact.php

For detailed information about where you can buy the Telit modules or for recommendations on accessories and components visit:

http://www.telit.com

To register for product news and announcements or for product questions contact Telit Technical Support Center (TTSC).

Our aim is to make this guide as helpful as possible. Keep us informed of your comments and suggestions for improvements.

Telit appreciates feedback from the users of our information.





1.4. Text Conventions

- <u>Danger This information MUST be followed or catastrophic equipment failure or bodily injury may occur.</u>
- Caution or Warning Alerts the user to important points about integrating the module, if these points are not followed, the module and end user equipment may fail or malfunction.
- Tip or Information Provides advice and suggestions that may be useful when integrating the module.

All dates are in ISO 8601 format, i.e. YYYY-MM-DD.



1.5. Related Documents

- [1] EN 300 220-2 v2.4.1, ETSI Standards for SRD, May 2012
- [2] ERC Rec 70-03, ERC Recommendation for SRD, October 2012
- [3] 2002/95/EC, Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council, 27 January 2003
- [4] SR Tool User Guide, 1vv0300899
- [5] 2006/771/EC, Harmonization of the radio spectrum for use by short-range devices
- [6] 2009/381/EC, Amending Decision 2006/771/EC on harmonization of the radio spectrum for use by short-range devices
- [7] Wireless M-Bus EN 13757-4:2013 User Guide 1vv0300953
- [8] EN 13757-4: 2013 Wireless M-Bus Part 4, 2013



2. Regulatory Conformance Information

The module radio transmitter operations must be compliant with some regulatory requirements in terms of frequency bands and emitted power, as detailed below.

2.1. 169 MHz band Requirements

The "ERC recommendation 70-03 Annex 2" describes the 169 MHz license free band for meter reading, in terms of bandwidth, maximum power, duty cycle and channel spacing. It gives the following limitations:

ERC recommendation 70-03						
Band	Frequency band (MHz)	Maximum radiated power (mW)	Channel spacing (kHz)	Duty cycle (%)		
2b	169.4 – 169.475	500	Max 50 khz	10		

These bands are free to use but the module and the user must respect some limitations. Most of these restrictions are integrated in the conception of the module, except the duty cycle. For example, the 2b band is limited to a 10% duty cycle. This means that each module is limited to a total transmit time of 6 minutes per hour. It is the responsibility of the user to respect the duty cycle.

National Restrictions for non specific SR devices Annex 2 band B:

Country	Restriction Reason/Remark		
Band F			
Austria	Not implemented	Planned	
Belgium	No info		
Bulgaria	Not implemented	The band is used for national security needs	
Croatia	Limited implementation	Individual licence required	
Cyprus		Cyprus has implemented Decision 2005/928/EC	
Georgia	Not implemented		
Greece	Not implemented		
Norway	Limited	Maximum radiated power = 10 mW	
Russian	Not implemented		
Federation	Not implemented		
The	Implemented	Channel spacing 12.5 kbz	
Netherlands	Implemented	Channel spacing 12.5 khz	
Ukraine	Not implemented	Under study	



2.2. Other Regulatory Requirements

Furthermore, the module complies with the ETSI 300 220-2 v2.4.1 standards (specific for SRD).

ME70-169 also complies which EN 13757-4 standards (Wireless M-Bus Part4).

Finally, the module complies with the new European Directive 2002/95/EC concerning the Restrictive Usage of Hazardous Substances (RoHS).



3. General Features

3.1. Main Functionalities

The ME70-169 module has a digital part and a RF part. The radio link is a Half Duplex bidirectional link.

The digital part has the following functionalities:

- Communication interface
- I/O management
- Micro controller with embedded Telit Software Stack

The RF part has the following functionalities:

- Frequency synthesis
- Front-end
- Low noise reception
- Power amplification
- Packet handling

3.2. Software

The ME70-169 module is provided pre-flashed with Telit in-house Wireless M-Bus stack.

Please refer to Protocol Stack User Guides [7] for detailed information.

3.3. Temperature Operating Range

	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit		
Operating	Operating					
Temperature	- 40	25	+ 80	°C		
Relative humidity @ 25°C	20		75	%		
Storage						
Temperature	- 40	25	+ 80	°C		



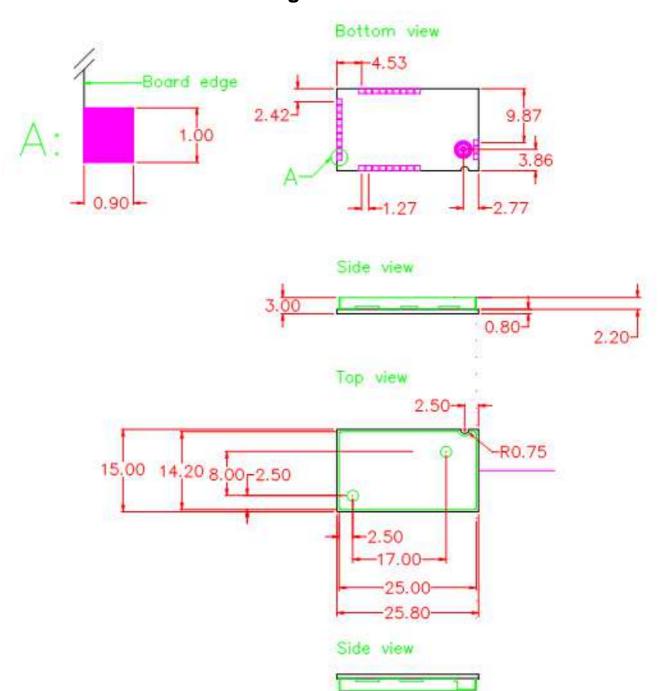
3.4. Mechanical Specifications

Size:	Rectangular 25.8 x 15 mm	
Height:	3 mm	
Weight:	1.7 g	
PCB thickness:	0.8 mm	
Cover*:	 Dimensions: 25 x 14.2 x 2.2mm Thickness: 200μm 	
Components:	All SMD components, on one side of the PCB.	
Connectors:	The terminals allowing conveying I/O signals are LGA	
Mounting:	 SMD LGA on the 4 external sides 	
Number of pins :	30	

^{*:} The metallic shield used on ME70-169 covers all the SMD components



3.5. Mechanical drawing





3.6. DC Specifications

Characteristics ME70-169 Min.		Тур.	Max.
Power Supply (VDD):	+2.3V	+3.0V	+3.6V
I/O low level :	GND	-	$0.2 \mathrm{x} \ \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$
I/O high level :	$0.8 \mathrm{x} \ \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$	-	V_{DD}



3.7. Radio Specifications

Measured on DIP interface with T = 25°C, Vdd = 3V, 50 ohm impedance and default power register setting if nothing else noted.

Global								
ERC Rec 70-03 Frequency Band	169.4 – 169,475 Mhz							
EN_13757-4 Channels	Channel 1a	Channel 1b	Channel 2a	Channel 2a Channel 2b		Channel 3a Channel 3b		
Center frequency (MHz)	169,40625	169,41875	169,43125	169,44375	169,45625	169,46875	169,4375	
Channel width (kHz)			1	2.5			50	
RF data rate (kbps)	4.8	3		4 or 4.8	4	4.8	19.2	
			Transm	ission				
Duty cycle				≤ 10%				
Modulation Format	GMS	SK	GFSK		GMSK		4GFSK	
Deviation (kHz)	+/- 2	2.4	+/- 2.4		+/- 2.4		-7.2, -2.4, +2.4, +7.2	
Frequency tolerance (kHz)	+/- 1	.5	+/- 2.0		+/- 1.5		+/- 2.5	
RF Output Power	Selectable by software (see Protocol Stack User Guides [7])							
		among the	e following lev	rels (dBm): +12,	, +15, +18, +21	, +24, +27, +30		
Max permitted e.r.p				+27dBm (500	mW)			
			ecept	ion				
Measured Sensitivity for PER< 0,8	-115 c	lBm		-119 dBm @ 2.4kbps -115 dBm @ 4.8kbps		-115 dBm		
Min permitted Sensitivity for PER< 0,8*	-112 c	IBm	-115 dBm @ 2.4kbps -112 dBm @ 4.8kbps		-112 dBm		-104 dBm	
Saturation for PER< 20%		Up to +10 dBm under 50Ω						

^{*}At a frame size of 20 bytes.



ETSI EN 300 220 V2.3.1 (2009-12)							
	Transmission						
Frequency error	+/-			5 kHz channelizan) > 25 kHz char		ion	
ACP				nder normal test nder extreme tes			
	Reference Bandwidth (RBW)	Limit		Lower envel point Minimum freq	-	Upper envelope point maximum frequency	
Modulation	1 kHz	- 30	dBm (1 μW)	f _{e, lower}		f _{e, upper}	
bandwidth	1 kHz	- 36 d	lBm (250 nW)	(f _{e, lower} – 200	kHz)	$(f_{e, upper} + 200 \text{ kHz})$	
	10 kHz	- 36 dBm (250 nW)		$(f_{e, lower} - 400 \text{ kHz})$		$(f_{e, upper} + 400 \text{ kHz})$	
	100 kHz	- 36 dBm (250 nW)		$(f_{e, lower} - 1 MHz)$		$(f_{e, upper} + 1 MHz)$	
Unwanted emissions in the	Frequency	47 MHz to 74 MHz 7,5 MHz to 118 MHz 174 MHz to 230 MHz 470 MHz to 862 MHz		Other frequencies below 1 000 MHz		Frequencies above 1 000 MHz	
spurious domain	Operating	- 54 dBm (4 nW)		- 36 dBm (250 nW)		- 30 dBm (1 μW)	
	Standby	- 57 dBm (2 nW)		- 57 dBm (2 nW)		- 47 dBm (20 nW)	
]	Reception				
	Frequency offset of unwanted signal	the	Receiver bandwidth		Minimum offset between wanted and unwanted signals		
Blocking for class 2	+/-2 MHz		10 kHz		≥ 37 dB		
equipments 2	+/-2 IVITIZ		40 1	kHz	≥ 31 dB		
			10 kHz		≥ 62 dB		
	+/-10 MHz		40 kHz		≥ 56 dB		
Courious vadiation	Below 10	1000 MHz		Above 1000 MHz			
Spurious radiation	- 57 dBm (2 nW)			- 47 dBm (20 nW)			























3.8. Power comsumption

Measured on DIP interface with T = 25°C, 50Ω impedance.

Operating mode	Supply voltage (V)	Average current consumption
Reception:	3.0	34mA
Stand-by (32.768 khz On):	3.0	<2µA
Sleep (wake up on interruption):	3.0	1.5μΑ
Trasmission 12dBm	3.0	135mA
Trasmission 15dBm	3.0	160mA
Trasmission 18dBm	3.0	205mA
Trasmission 21dBm	3.0	275mA
Trasmission 24dBm	3.0	375mA
Trasmission 27dBm	3.0	485mA
Trasmission 30dBm	3.6	730mA



Warning – Antenna mismatch can significantly change current consumption while in TX operating modes.



3.9. Digital Specifications

Function	Characteristics	
μС	 128 kB + 8 kB in system programmable flash 8 kB RAM 2 kB E²PROM 	
Serial link	 RS232 TTL Full Duplex 1200 to 115200 bps 7 or 8 bits Parity management Flow control Hardware (RTS/CTS) 	
Embedded software functionality	 Flexibility: Pre flashed Customization capability Download over the air 	

3.10. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Voltage applied to Vcc , V_{DD} :	-0.3V to +3.6V
Voltage applied to "TTL" Input:	-0.3V to V _{DD} +0.3V



3.11. Ordering Information

The following equipments can be ordered:

- The SMD version (ME70-169)
- The DIP interface version (ME70-169)
- The Demo Case composed by:
 - o n.2 evaluation boards,
 - o n.2 ME50 DIP interface boards,
 - o n.2 ME70 DIP interface boards,
 - o 2 RF antennas,
 - o 2 USB cables,
 - o 2 power supply
 - o 2 batteries.

The versions below are considered standard and should be readily available. For other versions, please contact Telit. Please make sure to give the complete part number when ordering.



Equipment and Part Number

SMD Version

B ME70-169/SMD



DIP Version

B ME70-169/DIP



Demo Case

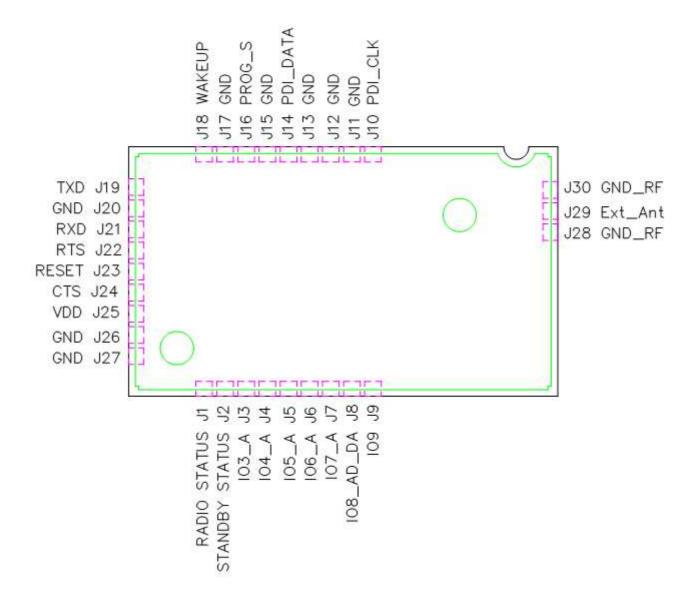
D ME50_70-169/ Demo





4. Pin-out and signals description

4.1. Module Pin OUT (Top View)





4.2. Module Pin-out table

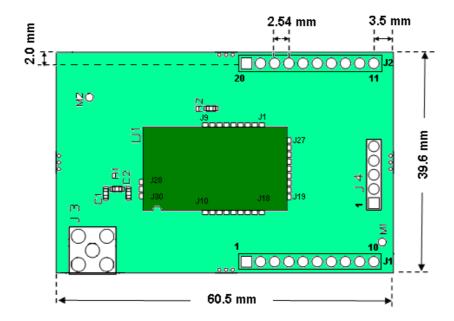
Pin	Pin name	Pin type	Signal level	Function
J30	GND	Gnd		RF Ground connection for external antenna
J29	Ext_Antenna	RF	RF I/O connection to external antenna	
J28	GND	Gnd	RF Ground connection for external antenna	
J27	GND	Gnd	Ground	
J26	GND	Gnd		Ground
J25	VDD	Power		Digital and Radio part power supply pin
J24	CTS	I	TTL	Clear To Send
J23	RESET	I	TTL	μC reset (Active low with internal pull-up)
J22	RTS	0	TTL	Request To Send
J21	RXD	I	TTL	RxD UART – Serial Data Reception
J20	GND	Gnd		Ground
J19	TXD	0	TTL	TxD UART – Serial Data Transmission
J18	WAKEUP	I	TTL	Wake-up (Active high with internal pull-down: when set to 1 the module is awakened)
J17	GND	Gnd		Ground
J16	PROG	I	TTL	Signal for serial µC flashing (Active high with internal pull-down)
J15	GND	Gnd		Ground
J14	PDI_DATA	I/O	TTL	Program and Debug Interface DATA
J13	GND	Gnd		Ground
J12	GND	Gnd		Ground
J11	GND	Gnd		Ground
J10	PDI_CLK	I	TTL	Program and Debug Interface CLOCK
J 9	IO9 ¹	I/O	TTL	Digital I/O N°9 with interrupt
Ј8	IO8_AD_DA ²	I/O	analog	A to D and D to A I/O N°8 with interrupt (Logic I/O capability)
J7	IO7_A	I/O	analog	Analog Input N°7 (Logic I/O capability)
J6	IO6_A	I/O	analog	Analog Input N°6 (Logic I/O capability)
J5	IO5_A	I/O	analog	Analog Input N°5 (Logic I/O capability)
J4	IO4_A	I/O	analog	Analog Input N°4 (Logic I/O capability)
Ј3	IO3_A	I/O	analog	Analog Input N°3 (Logic I/O capability)
J2	STANDBY STATUS	0	TTL	Signal indicating stand-by status
J1	RADIO STATUS	0	TTL	Signal indicating reception or transmission of radio frame

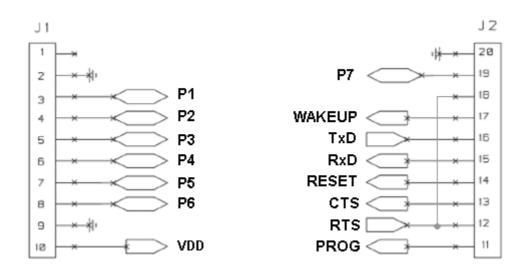
^{1, 2} In case you want to use in the same application Telit ZE51 or ZE61 modules J9 and J8 should not be connected, since reserved on these modules.





4.3. Pin-out of the Module DIP







4.4. Dip-Module Pin-out correspondence table

Pin-Out correspondence between ME70-169/DIP, ME70-169/SMD and internal μC port

ME70-169/DIP			ME70-169/SMD	Comments	
Connector	Pin	Name	Pin	Pin Name	
	1				
	2			GND	
	3	P1	J5	IO5_A	
	4	P2	J9	IO9_I ³	Reserved Pin
J1	5	P3	J2	STANDBY STATUS	
J I	6	P4	J1	RADIO STATUS	
	7	P5	J4	IO4_A	
	8	P6	J3	IO3_A	
	9			GND	
	10		J25	VDD	
	11		J16	PROG	
	12		J22	RTS	
	13		J24	CTS	
	14		J23	RESET	
J2	15		J21	RxD	
J∠	16		J19	TxD	
	17		J18	WAKEUP	
	18		J22	RTS	
	19	P7	J6	IO6_A	
	20			GND	
	1		J14	PDI_DATA	
	2		J10	PDI_CLK	IA Commente of the 1-1
J4	3		J23	RESET	J4 Connector for debugging and flashing
	4		J25	VDD	and nashing
	5			GND	
			J7	IO7_A	
			J8	IO8_AD_DA ⁴	Reserved Pin
RF connection	RF connection				
Ј3	SMA		J29	Ext_Antenna (Unbalanced RF)	A 50 Ohm coplanar wave guide and a matching network connect J29 to J3

 $^{^{3}}$, 4 In case you want to use in the same application Telit ZE51 or ZE61 modules J9 and J8 should not be connected, since reserved on these modules.







4.5. Signals description

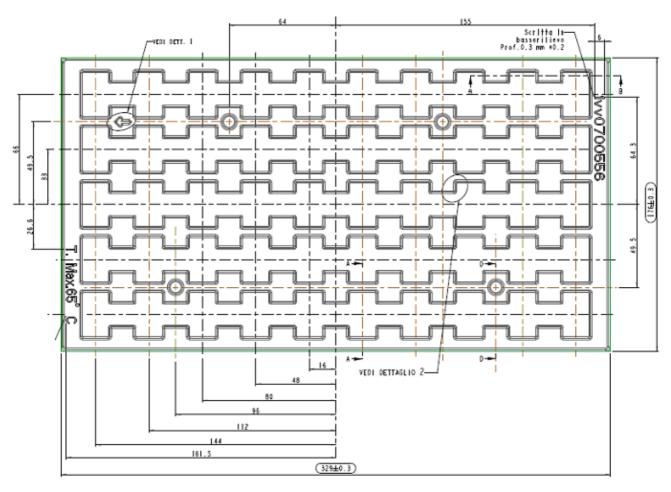
Signals	Description
RESET	External hardware reset of the radio module. Active on low state.
TXD, RXD	Serial link signals, format NRZ/TTL: TXD is for outgoing data. RXD is for incoming data. The '1' is represented by a high state.
CTS	Incoming signal. Indicates whether the module can send serial data to user (Active, on low state) or not (inactive, on high state).
RTS	Outgoing signal. Indicates whether the user can transmit serial data (active, on low state) or not (inactive, on high state).
Ю	I/O, configurable as input or as output.
WAKEUP	Input signal which indicates to the module to wake up from low-power mode. See reference document [7] for ME70-169
RADIO STATUS	Output signal which indicates the status of the radio. Set to VCC during radio transmission or as soon as a radio frame is detected with correct synchronization word. The signals returns to GND at the end of transmission or as soon as the frame reception is finished.
STANDBY STATUS	The 'STAND BY STATUS' output signal is set to logical '1' while the module is operating and return to '0' during stand by periods.



5. Process Information

5.1. Delivery

ME70-169 modules are delivered in plastic tray packaging, each tray including 50 units. The dimensions of the tray are the following: $329 \text{ mm} \times 176 \text{ mm} \times 5.6 \text{ mm}$. Each unit is placed in a $26.6 \text{ mm} \times 16 \text{ mm}$ location. An empty tray weights 45 g and a loaded tray weights around 130 g.





5.2. Storage

The optimal storage environment for ME70-169 modules should be dust free, dry and the temperature should be included between -40° C and $+80^{\circ}$ C.

5.3. Moisture sensibility

The level of moisture sensibility of the Product is "3" according with standard IPC/JEDEC JSTD-020, take care of all the relative requirements for using this kind of components.

Moreover, the customer has to take care of the following conditions:

- a) The shelf life of the Product inside of the dry bag must be 12 months from the bag seal date.
- b) when stored in a non-condensing atmospheric environment of <= 30°C / 60% RH according to IPC/JEDEC J-STD-033A paragraph 5
- c) The maximum time between the opening of the sealed bag and the reflow process must be 168 hours if condition b) "IPC/JEDEC J-STD-033A paragraph 5.2" is respected
- d) Baking is required if conditions b) or c) are not respected
- e) Baking is required if the humidity indicator inside the bag indicates 10% RH or more

5.4. Additional Precautions

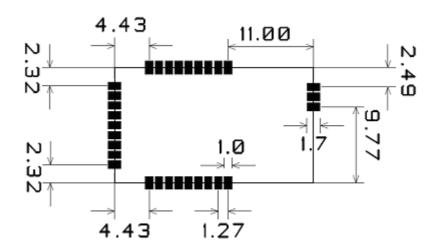
Also, it must be noted that due to some components, ME70-169 modules are ESD sensitive device. Therefore, ESD handling precautions should be carefully observed.

5.5. Soldering pad pattern

The surface finished on the printed circuit board pads should be made of Nickel/Gold surface.

The recommended soldering pad layout on the host board for the ME70-169 is shown in the diagram below:





All dimensions in mm

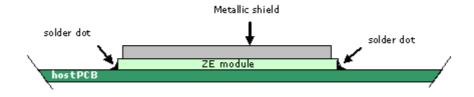
Neither via-holes nor wires are allowed on the PCB upper layer in area occupied by the module.

5.6. Solder past

ME70-169 module is designed for surface mounting using half-moon solder joints (see diagram below).

For proper module assembly, solder paste must be printed on the target surface of the host board. The solder paste should be eutectic and made of 95.5% of SN, 4% of Ag and 0.5% of Cu. The recommended solder paste height is $180 \, \mu m$.

The following diagram shows mounting characteristics for ME integration on host PCB:



5.7. Placement

The ME70-169 module can be automatically placed on host boards by pick-and-place

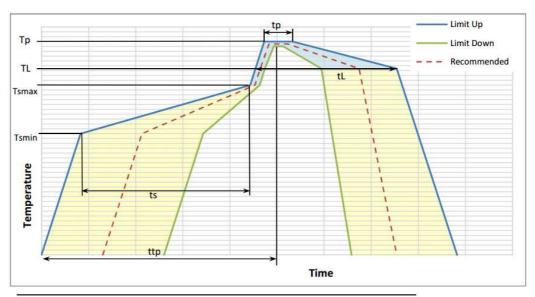




5.8. Soldering Profile (RoHS Process)

It must be noted that ME70-169 module should not be allowed to be hanging upside down during the reflow operation. This means that the module has to be assembled on the side of the printed circuit board that is soldered last.

The recommendation for lead-free solder reflow in IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020D Standard should be followed.



Profile Feature	Pb-Free Assembly	
Average ramp-up rate (TL to Tp)	3°C/seccond max	
Preheat		
- Temperature Min (Tsmin)	150°C	
- Temperature Max (Tsmax)	200°C	
- Time (Tsmin to Tsmax) ts	60-180 seconds	
Tsmax to TL		
- Ramp-up rate	3°C/seccond max	
Time maintained above:		
- Temperature (TL)	217°C	
- Time (tL)	60-150 seconds	
Peak Temperature (Tp)	245°C +0/-5 °C	
Time within 5°C of actual Peak Temperature (tp)	10-30 seconds	
Ramp-down Rate	6°C/second max	
Time 25°C to Peak Temperature Tp (ttp)	8 minutes max	

The barcode label located on the module shield is able to withstand the reflow temperature.



CAUTION - It must also be noted that if the host board is submitted to a wave soldering after the reflow operation, a solder mask must be used in order to protect the ME70-169 radio module's metal shield from being in contact with the solder wave.





6. Board Mounting Recommendation

6.1. Electrical environment

The best performances of the ME70-169 module are obtained in a "clean noise" environment. Some basic recommendations must be followed:

• Noisy electronic components (serial RS232, DC-DC Converter, Display, Ram, Bus...) must be placed as far as possible from the ME70-169 module.

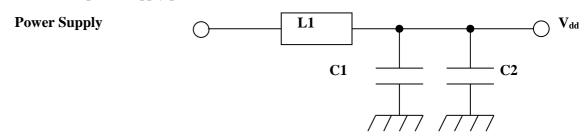


CAUTION – A particular attention must be put on power supply DC-DC converter, due to switching frequency that generates spurious into the receiver band. It can strongly decrease module performances. It is then recommended to put a metallic shield covering DC conversion function.

• Switching components circuits (especially RS-232/TTL interface circuit power supply) must be decoupled with a 100 μF tantalum capacitor. And the decoupling capacitor must be as close as possible to the noisy chip.

6.2. Power supply decoupling on ME70-169 module

The power supply of ME70-169 module must be nearby decoupled. A LC filter is strongly recommended in case of DC-DC conversion. It must be placed as close as possible to the radio module power supply pin, VDD.



Symbols	Reference	Value	Manufacturer
L1	LQH32CN1R0M33	1μΗ	Murata
C1	GRM31CF51A226ZE01	22μF	Murata
C2	Ceramic CMS 25V	100nF	Multiple

L1 must be chosen carefully with very low serial resistance in order to limit voltage drop.

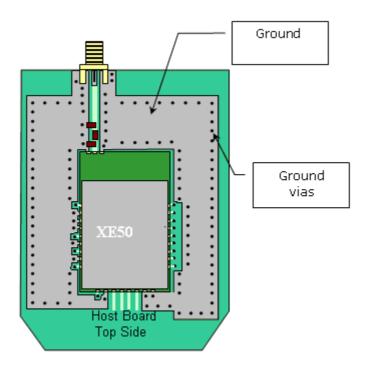




6.3. RF layout considerations

Basic recommendations must be followed to achieve a good RF layout:

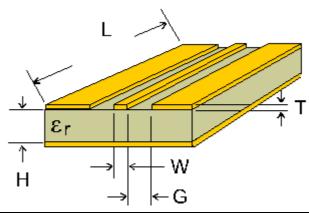
- It is recommended to fill all unused PCB area around the module with ground plane
- The radio module ground pin must be connected to solid ground plane.
- If the ground plane is on the bottom side, a via (Metal hole) must be used in front of each ground pad. Especially J28 and J30 (RF Gnd) pins should be grounded via several holes to be located right next to the pins thus minimizing inductance and preventing mismatch and losses.





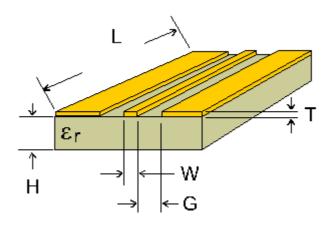
6.4. Antenna connections on printed circuit boards

Special care must be taken when connecting an antenna or a connector to the module. The RF output impedance is 50 ohms, so the strip between the pad and the antenna or connector must be 50 ohms following the tables below. Ground lines should be connected to the ground plane with as many vias as possible, but not too close to the signal line.



PCB material	PCB thickness H (mm)	Coplanar line W (mm)	Coplanar line G (mm)
FR4	0.8	1	0.3
	1.6	1	0.2

Table 1: Values for double face PCB with ground plane around and under coplanar wave guide (recommended)



PCB material	PCB thickness H (mm)	Coplanar line W (mm)	Coplanar line G (mm)
FR4	0.8	1	0.22
	1.6	1	0.23

 Table 2: Values for simple face PCB with ground plane around coplanar wave guide (not recommended)



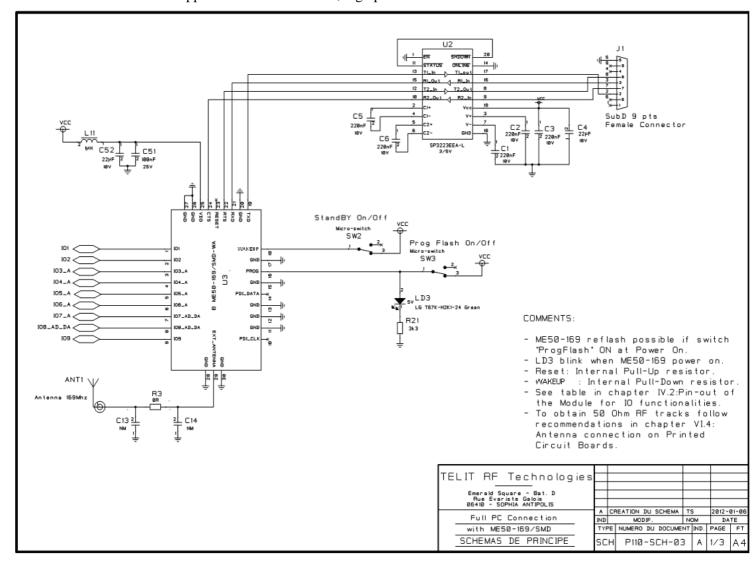


6.5. Antenna Installation Guidelines

Antenna shall be installed according to antenna manufacturer instructions Antenna shall not be installed inside metal cases.

6.6. ME70-169 Interfacing

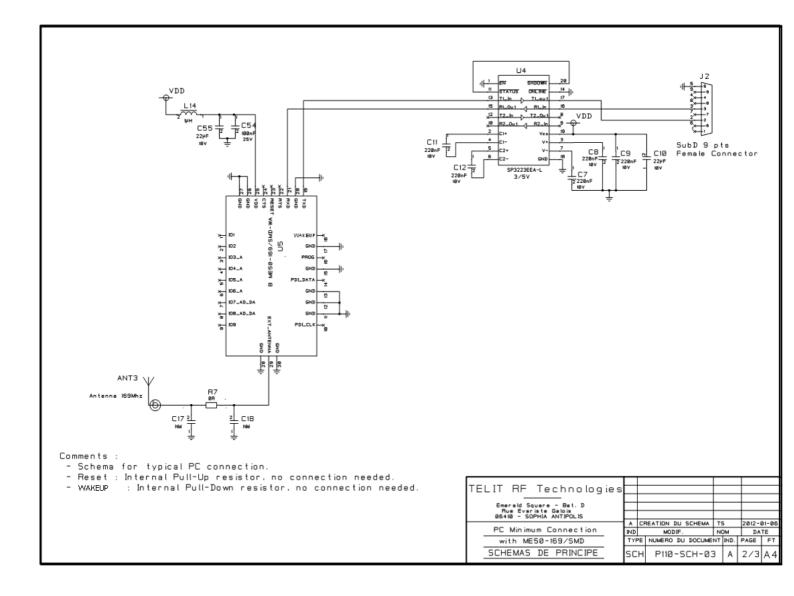
Example of a full RS-232 connection between a PC or an Automat (PLC) and ME50-169 It applies also for ME70-169, high power version.





Example of a minimum PC connection with ME50-169.

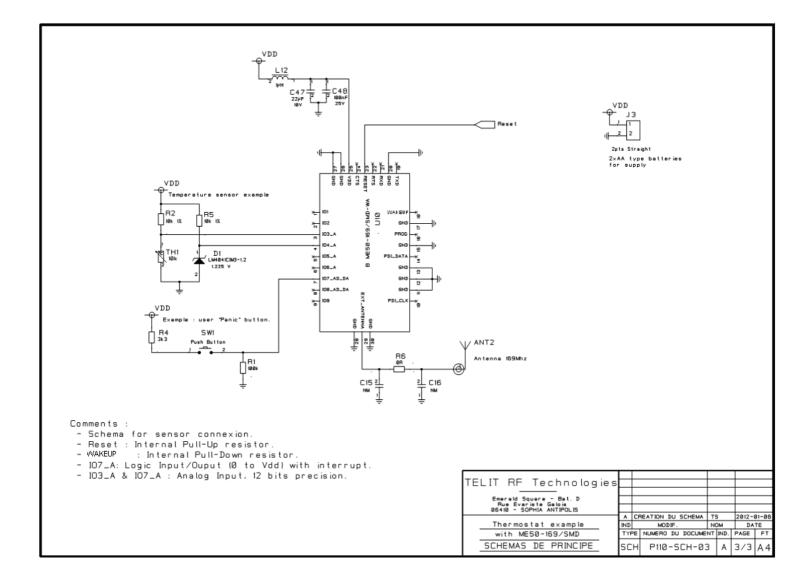
It applies also for ME70-169, high power version.





Example for sensor connection with ME50-169.

It applies also for ME70-169, high power version.





7. EC Declaration of Conformity



Mod 0211 2012-11 Rev.2 (768/2008/EC)





8. Safety Recommendations

READ CAREFULLY

Be sure the use of this product is allowed in the country and in the environment required. The use of this product may be dangerous and has to be avoided in the following areas:

- Where it can interfere with other electronic devices in environments such as hospitals, airports, aircrafts, etc.
- Where there is risk of explosion such as gasoline stations, oil refineries, etc. It is responsibility of the user to enforce the country regulation and the specific environment regulation.

Do not disassemble the product; any mark of tampering will compromise the warranty validity. We recommend following the instructions of the hardware user guides for a correct wiring of the product. The product has to be supplied with a stabilized voltage source and the wiring has to be conforming to the security and fire prevention regulations. The product has to be handled with care, avoiding any contact with the pins because electrostatic discharges may damage the product itself. Same cautions have to be taken for the SIM, checking carefully the instruction for its use. Do not insert or remove the SIM when the product is in power saving mode.

The system integrator is responsible of the functioning of the final product; therefore, care has to be taken to the external components of the module, as well as of any project or installation issue, because the risk of disturbing the GSM network or external devices or having impact on the security. Should there be any doubt, please refer to the technical documentation and the regulations in force. Every module has to be equipped with a proper antenna with specific characteristics. The antenna has to be installed with care in order to avoid any interference with other electronic devices and has to guarantee a minimum distance from the body (20 cm). In case of this requirement cannot be satisfied, the system integrator has to assess the final product against the SAR regulation.

The European Community provides some Directives for the electronic equipment's introduced on the market. All the relevant information's are available on the European Community website:

http://ec.europa.eu/enterprise/sectors/rtte/documents/

The text of the Directive 99/05 regarding telecommunication equipments is available, while the applicable Directives (Low Voltage and EMC) are available at:

http://ec.europa.eu/enterprise/sectors/electrical/



9. Glossary

ACP Adjacent Channel Power
AFA Adaptive Frequency Agility

bps Bits per secondBW BandwidthdB Decibel

dBm Power level in decibel milliwatt (10 log (P/1mW)) **E**²**PROM** Electrically Erasable Programmable Read Only Memory

e.r.p Effective radiated power

ETSI European Telecommunication Standard Institute

GFSK Gaussian Frequency Shift Keying

I Input

ISM Industrial, Scientific and Medical

kB KiloByte

kbps Kilobits per secondkcps Kilochips per second

kHz Kilo Hertz

LBT Listen Before Talk
LGA Land Grid Array
MHz Mega Hertz
mW milliwatt
O Output

PER Packet Error Rate
ppm Parts per million

RAM Random Access Memory

RF Radio Frequency

RoHS Restriction of Hazardous Substances

RxD Receive Data

SMD Surface Mounted Device SRD Short Range Device

TxD Transmit Data

UART Universal Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter

μC microcontroller



10. Document History

Revision	Date	Changes
0	2012-10-02	First Release
1	2013-11-06	Inserted EC Declaration of Conformity
2	2014-01-31	Inserted clarification notes on table 4.4
		Inserted new channel according to WMBUS part4 2013
3	2014-11-14	Changed overall document structure
		Added power consumption table in par 3.8
		Added par 6.5: Antenna installation guideline
		Removed "Audience" paragraph
4	2015-06-19	Updated Process Information