

DESCRIPTION

The MP8101 is a rail-to-rail output, operational amplifier in a TSOT-23 package. This amplifier provides 400KHz bandwidth while consuming an incredibly low 11 μ A of supply current. The MP8101 can operate with a single supply voltage as low as 1.8V.

FEATURES

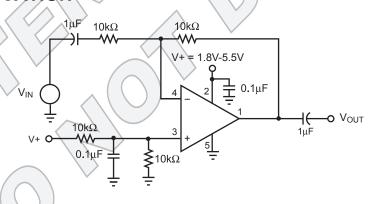
- Single Supply Operation: 1.8V to 5.5V
- TSOT23-5 Package
- 400KHz Gain Bandwidth
- 11µA Supply Current
- Rail-to-Rail Output
- Unity-Gain Stable
- Input Common Mode to Ground
- Drives Up to 1000pF of Capacitive Loads

APPLICATIONS

- Portable Equipment
- PDAs
- Pagers
- Cordless Phones
- Handheld GPS
- Consumer Electronics

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TYPICAL APPLICATION





ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number*	Package	Top Marking
MP8101DJ	TSOT23-5	See Below

* For Tape & Reel, add suffix –Z (e.g. MP8101DJ–Z); For RoHS, compliant packaging, add suffix –LF (e.g. MP8101DJ–LF–Z).

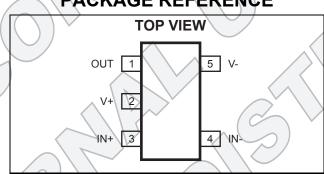
TOP MARKING

|H5YW

H5: product code of MP8101DJ;

Y: year code; W: week code:

PACKAGE REFERENCE



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (1)

Recommended Operating Conditions (2)
Supply Voltage+1.8V to +5.5V
Operating Temperature-40°C to +85°C

Thermal Resistance (3)	$oldsymbol{ heta}_{JA}$	$oldsymbol{ heta}_{JC}$
TSOT23-5	220	110 °C/W

Notes:

- 1) Exceeding these ratings may damage the device.
- The device is not guaranteed to function outside of its operating conditions.
- 3) Measured on approximately 1" square of 1 oz copper.



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

V+ = +5V, V- = 0V, V_{CM} = V+/2, R_L = 10k Ω , T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Input Offset Voltage	Vos		– 5	1	+5	mV
Input Offset Voltage Temp Coefficient			\wedge	1,5		µV/°C
Input Bias Current (4)	I _B			2		pA
Input Offset Current (4)	I _{os}	_		0.2		рA
Input Voltage Range	V_{CM}	CMRR > 60dB	0	_	3.8	V
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	0 < V _{CM} < 3.5V		82		dB
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	Supply Voltage change of 1.0V		80		dB
Large Signal Voltage Gain	A _{VOL}	R_L = 100kΩ, V_{OUT} = 5.0 Peak to Peak	60	88		dB
Maximum Output Voltage Swing	V _{OUT}	$R_L = 10k\Omega$		(V+) – 23mV		V
Minimum Output Voltage Swing	Vout	$R_L = 10k\Omega$	(2)	(V–) + 19mV	2	/v
Gain-Bandwidth Product (4)	GBW	$R_L = 200k\Omega, C_L = 2pF,$ $V_{OUT} = 0$		400		KHz
–3dB Bandwidth ⁽⁴⁾	BW	$A_V = 1$, $C_L = 2pF$, $R_L = 1M\Omega$		(01)		MHz
Slew Rate (4)	SR	$A_V = 1$, $C_L = 2pF$, $R_L = 1M\Omega$		0.2		V/µs
Short Circuit Current	1	Source		20		mA
Short Circuit Current	I _{SC}	Sink		20		mA
Supply Current		No Load	77)	11	20	μA

Note:

4) Guaranteed by design.

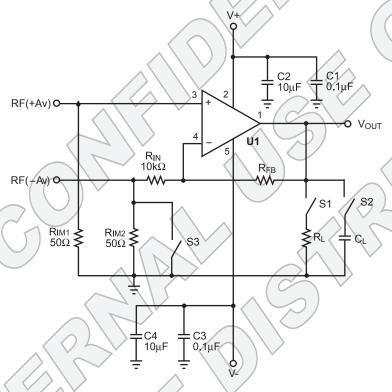




PIN FUNCTIONS

Pin#	Name	Description	
1	OUT	Output.	A
2	V+	Supply Voltage.	
3	IN+	Non-Inverting Input.	7
4	IN-	Inverting Input.	
5	V-	Ground or Supply Return Pin.	

TEST CIRCUITS



Notes: Close S3 for positive gain. Input signal to RF(+Av) connector.

The gain Av = $1 + R_{FB}/R_{IN}$.

For unity gain, remove R_{IN} and short R_{FB}.

Open S3 for negative gain. Input signal to RF(-Av) connector.

The gain $Av = -R_{FB}/R_{IN}$.

\$1 and \$2 are switches for possible resistor and capacitor load

connections.

Figure 1—AC Test Circuit



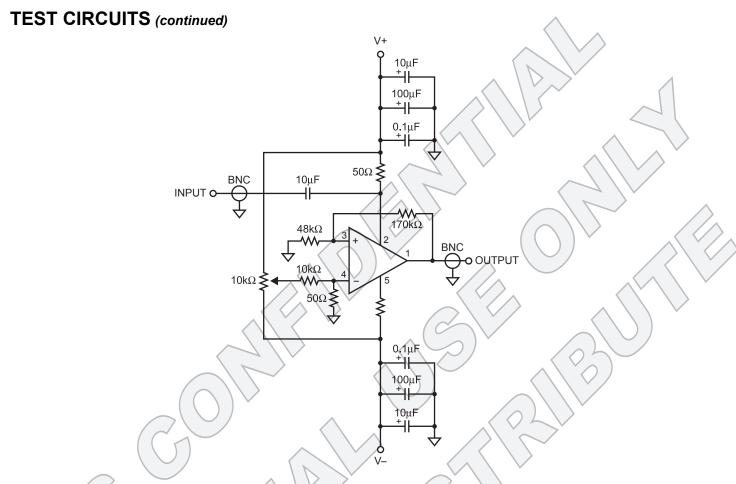
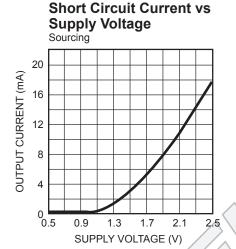


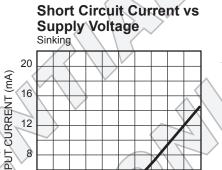
Figure 2—Positive Power Supply Rejection Ratio Measurement



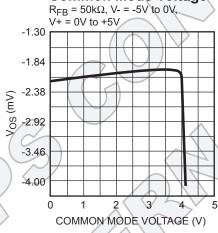
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

 $T_A = +25$ °C, unless otherwise noted.





Offset Voltage vs. Common Mode Voltage



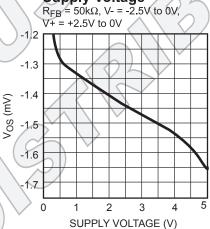
Offset Voltage vs. Supply Voltage

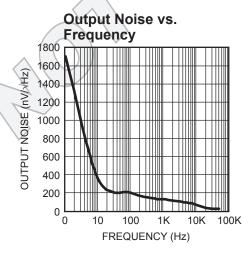
1.3

SUPPLY VOLTAGE (V)

2.5

0.9

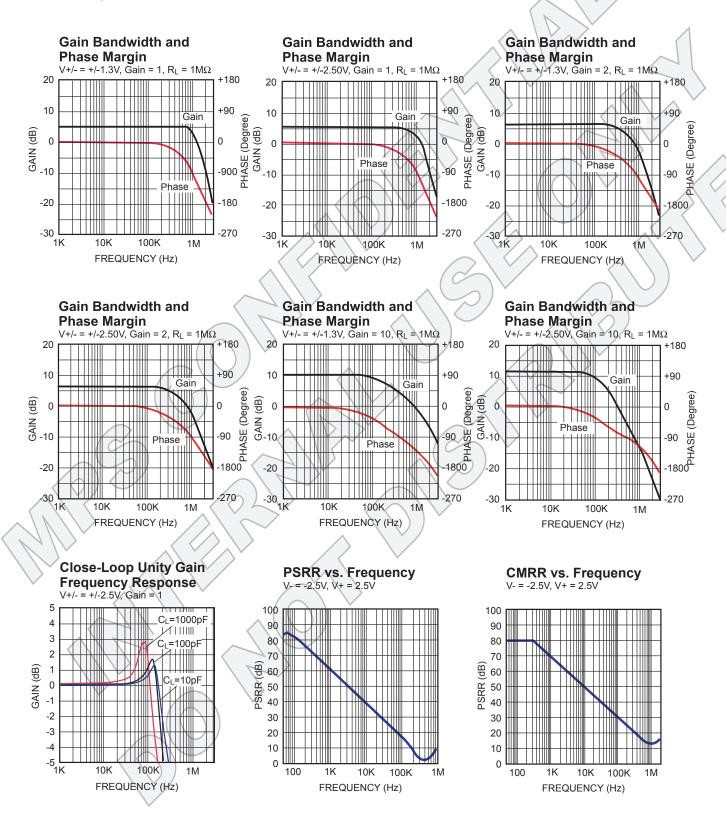




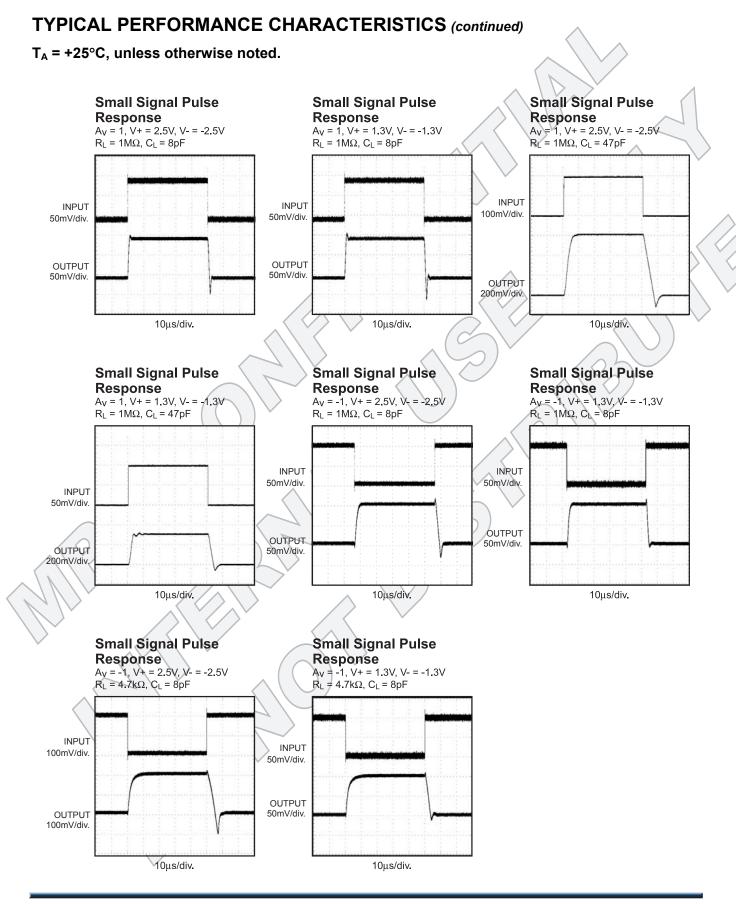


TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

 $T_A = +25$ °C, unless otherwise noted.



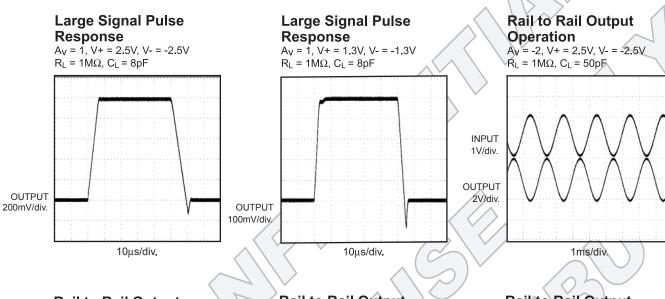


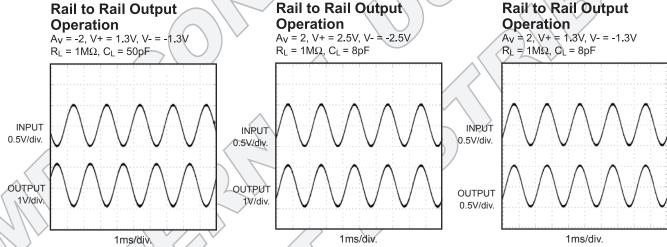




TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

 $T_A = +25$ °C, unless otherwise noted.







APPLICATION INFORMATION

Power Supply Bypassing

Regular supply bypassing techniques are recommended. A 10µF capacitor in parallel with a 0.1µF capacitor on both the positive and negative supplies is ideal. For the best performance, all bypassing capacitors should

be located as close to the op amp as possible and all capacitors should be low (Equivalent Series Inductance) and low ESR (Equivalent Series Resistance). Surface mount capacitors ceramic are ideal

TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT

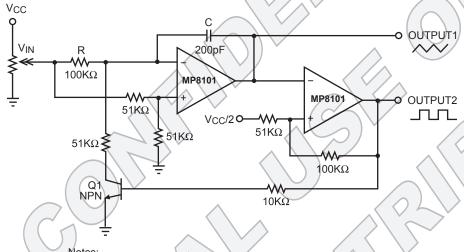
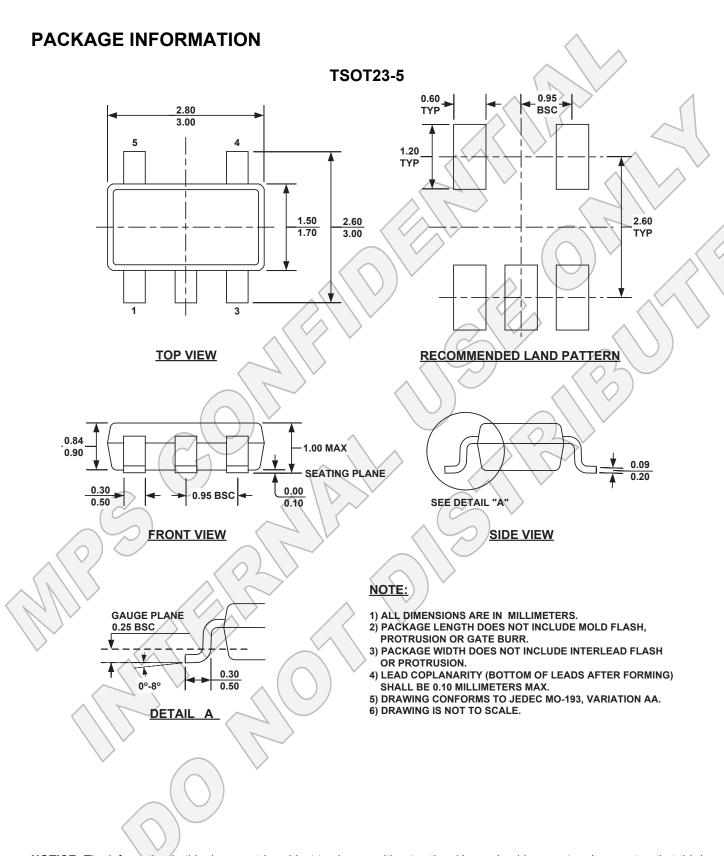


Figure 3—Voltage Controlled Frequency Circuit





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